The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XX. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1908. NO. 14

LOCAL NEWS.

For fine box stationery, go to the ITEM office.

Next Sunday will be the longest day of the year.

There will be an eclipse of the sun on June 28th.

Altoona is preparing for a large Fourth of July celebration.

Attend the P. O. S. of A. picnic at Mapleton on July 4th.

W. H. Spangler has just completed painting his Main street residence and has now a very attractive home.

A marriage license has been granted in Blair county to John S. Miils and Maude Pearl McClain, both of New Grenada, Fulton county.

Merchant G. W. Wright last week erected a neat woven wire fence around his tenant house at corner of Grant and Sherman streets.

$5.00 will buy 100 lbs Granulated Sugar at Huston's at Saltillo if $7.00 worth of goods are bought at the same time, flour, feed and fertilizer excepted.

C. E. Stevens, who for the past couple months has been conducting a restaurant in the old drug store building on Main street, last week quit and returned to his home at Calvin.

Harry Moyer died at his home in Ferguson valley, early on Friday morning, aged 76 years, 2 months and 12 days. Deceased is survived by his wife, four sons and one daughter.

The finest assortment of photographic postcards—Mapleton views—ever displayed is now on sale at the ITEM store. All who see them admire them and buy freely. Call and look them over.

"Blind Tom," famous negro musician, marvel of three generations of playgoers died Saturday in Hoboken, N. J., where he had been living for years, in retirement and subsisting on charity.

Mt, Union will hold a special election on Tuesday, July 14th, to determine whether or not the indebtedness of the borough shall be increased $15,000 for the construction of a sewer system.

Yesterday morning John A. McHugh had an attack of vertigo and fell to the floor while dressing. He sustained severe bruises to the right side of his face but in a few days will be in usual health.

T. M. Wood has completed a spacious brick walk around his residence at corner of Sherman and Reservoir streets. The new walk makes travel very conveinent around this popular corner.

A number of young people from Mill Creek held a moonlight picnic near the home of H. O. Speck in Henderson township last Thursday night. Herbert Hicks, of Mapleton, enjoyed the event with his Mill Creek friends.

A second ball club has been organized, composed of the following players: Charles Chilcote cf (manager), James McHugh ss, George Werner 3b, J. Patterson c, M. Brinninger lf, E. Wagner 2b, R. Bailey 1b, E. Bailey p, C. Clowser rf, C. Dell and D. Bell, subs.

Members of Washington Camp No. 59, Pa., P. O. S. of A., are requested to meet at their camp room next Sunday evening at 7.15 o'clock and proceed in a body to the M. E. church where the pastor, Rev. J. H. Ake, will deliver an address on The Stars and Stripes.

A party of thirty-five persons attended children's day exercises at Mill Creek Sunday evening, arrangements having been made to have train No. 10 stop at that station for them. All enjoyed the outing and were pleased with the very excellent programme rendered by the M, E. Sunday school at that place.

Rev. J. Howard Ake, accompanied by Mrs. Julia B. Dell, drove to Henderson township last Thnrsday and spent the day with Mrs. Dell's brother, J. Wesley Wright and wife. Mr. Wright who for some time has been suffering from a serious throat affection, recently underwent an operation for the relief of his trouble. He is recovering nicely and thinks he will be permanently benefited by the operation.

The Republican National Convention convened at Chicago yesterday. The preliminary arrangements have been under way for the past two weeks and unless something unforseen should occur Secretary Taft will be nominated on the first ballot or possibly by acclamation. The nomination will, however, not be made for a day or two. The indications are now that Fairbanks will be renominated for vice-president.

News of the Chnrches.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. J. H. Ake, pastor—Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock, led by the pastor.

Sunday School next Sunday morning at 9:30; Frank Wallett, Supt. Class meeting on alternate Sunday mornings. Junior League every Sunday at 3:15. On next Sunday evening at 7:30 an address will be delivered on The Stars and Stripes. All are cordially invited to this service and especially members of patriotic organizations. Patriot songs will be sung.

On last Sunday evening at 6:00 p. m. one of the largest conrgegations that ever assembled in the church came together to witness ihe Children's Day exercise. The attention was excellent and the offering very satisfactory. We are very grateful to those who in any way contributed to the success of the celebration.

The second Quarterly Conference of the charge will be held in the Mill Creek church on the afternoon of July 1st, 1908. The District Superintendent W. W. Evans, D. D., will preside.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Rev. Edwin A. Snook, pastor—Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Sabbath school 9.30, and preaching at 10.30 a. m., christian endeavor at 6.15 p. m.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH, Rev. T. H. MacLeod, pastor.—Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. M. F. Robley, leader.

Choir practice Thursday evening.

Sunday services: Sunday School 9.30 a. m., J. M. Baker, Supt., preaching 10.30 a. m., junior endeaver at 2.00, senior endeavor 6.30 and prayer meeting 7.30 p. m.

Martin Wilson Surrenders.

Some time ago mention was made in these columns that Martin Wilson, better known as "Gamey," was again in trouble. This young man seems unable to control himself. Several years ago he met with an accident on the railroad by which he lost an arm and about four ounces of brain. Since that time the young man has on different occasions been an inmate of penal institutions. Last winter after one of his depredations friends presented a petition to the court for the appointment of a commission to inquire into his mental condition. Th s commission adjudged him insane and recommended that he be placed in the institution for feeble minded persons at Polk, Venango county. After a short stay at that institution he returned to Mapleton and about three weeks ago he forced an entrance to the Bachelors' Club at Mill Creek and carried away much of the belongings of the members. A warrant was sworn out for his arrest but the officers were unable to apprehend him. Last Friday he went to Policeman Charles Slates and told him he was tired of being chased around and asked that officer to take him to jail. Mr. Slates obtained a commitment and lodged him with Sheriff Stewart. We are sorry for the young man that such measures are necessary but for his own welfare and the sake of his friends we believe he should be committed to some institution where he will be the subject of healthful restraint.

Saturday Evening's Game.

The Petersburg base ball club came to Mapleton Saturday afternoon and in the evening met our team on the diamond. The visiting club was composed of large, sturdy players and the game they played was interesting. Our boys were also in the game as the following score will show:

Mapleton	R	H	O	A	E	Petersburg	R	H	O	A	E
Cowher, c	2	2	3	0	1	Keichline, cf	0	0	4	0	0
T. Bailey, p	1	0	4	1	0	D.Megahan, c	1	1	4	0	0
Wagner, 2b	1	0	3	0	0	Henry, 3b	0	1	3	0	1
Patterson, rf	2	1	2	0	0	Anderson, 2b	1	0	1	0	0
McHugh, ss	2	2	0	0	0	Hewitt, rf	0	0	3	0	0
E Bailey, lf	1	1	3	0	0	Dunkle, ss	0	0	4	0	0
Baker, cf	1	0	3	0	0	P.Megahan, 1b	0	0	4	0	2
Barclay, 3b	1	2	3	0	1	Swope, lf	0	0	1	2	0
D. Bailey, 1b	0	0	4	0	0	Kirtpatrick, p	1	1	1	2	0
	11	8	25	1	2		3	4	27	0	6

Mapleton	1	0	2	0	1	2	0	5	—	11
Petersburg	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	—	3

Three base hit—Patterson. Struck out—By Bailey 16, by Kirkpatrick 9. First base on balls—Off Bailey 1, off Kirkpatrick 2. Time of game 2 hours. Umpire W. Brininger.

The Mapleton team will go to Franklinville where they will play next Saturday.

—Dr. J. G. Spangler, Frank O'Connor and Rev. J. H. Ake are attending Class Day exercise at Juniata College, Huntingdon, to-day.

—Mrs. Sarah Saner, of Alexandria, who is on her way to Lewistown to visit her sister, is visiting for a couple days with her nephew, W. H. Mounts, and wife on Main street.

—Miss Mabel Wilson and two younger sisters, daughters of Rev. S. D. Wilson, of Philipsburg, arrived at their summer home, Rest Cottage, near town yesterday and will remain for several weeks. The balance of the family will join them in a few days.

PERSONAL NOTES.

—Foster Bell, of Altoona, visited his parents Sunday last.

—Miss Maud Barclay visited friends at Moun Union on Sunday.

—Earl Wagner is visiting his grandparents at Three Springs.

—Kirby Dick, of Huntingdon, was a caller in town Saturday last.

—H. L. Stubbs and wife spent Sunday with friends in Mount Union.

—Mrs. David Hawk visited friends in Newton Hamilton on Monday.

—A. H. Stever, of Huntingdon, spent Sunday with friends in Mapleton.

—Samuel P. Smith and son S. L. Smith, of Airy Dale, were in town Monday.

—Mrs. Landis E. Himes is spending this week with friends at Pittsburgh.

—H. D. Taylor and Miss Etta Cutshall, of Todd, were visitors in town to-day.

—Mrs. Joseph Parks, of Tyrone, visited her daughter, Mrs. C. M. Speer, yesterday.

—Mrs. B. F. Godard, of Huntingdon, was the guest of Mapleton friends yesterday.

—Mrs. William Weston, of Juniata, was a visitor to friends in town last Saturday.

—E. S. Chilcott, Esq., of Colfax, transacted business at Huntingdon Friday and Saturday.

—Charles Swope, of Huntingdon, visited his parents at their cottage home Saturday.

—Mrs. Harvey R. Johnson, of East Altoona, was a visitor to Mapleton friends last Saturday.

—Mrs. Elias Phillips and daughter, of Huntingdon, visited friends in town one day last week.

—Mrs. Sallie Creswell, of Huntingdon, visited among friends in Mapleton Sunday and Monday.

—Chester B. Gillam, of Huntingdon, visited his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Parker, on Saturday.

—Mrs. Mary Robley and daughter, Emma, of Huntingdon, were calling on Mapleton friends Sunday.

—Fred Isenberg, of Huntingdon, spent a couple days the latter part of last week with his sister, Mrs. I. W. Flock.

—Mrs. Rev. T. H. MacLeod filled her husband's appointment at Wayne church in Mifflin county Sunday morning.

—Mrs. John W. Foster and son, William, returned home last Thursday from a visit to her former home in Clay township.

—J. K. Dick, of Huntingdon, spent part of Friday at Locust Lodge, the family summer cottage on the north side of the river.

—Mrs. Narcissa Goodman spent Sunday at Mill Creek, witnessing Children's day exercises in the Baptist church there in the morning.

—Joseph Norris and wife, of Juniata, visited in Mapleton during the past week as guests of Mrs. Ann Lamberson and Harry Bailey and wife.

—Mrs. Lottie Smith Lane, of Pittsburgh, left for her home Saturday last after a couple weeks' visit at the home of her parents, R. P. Smith and wife in Smith valley.

—Mrs. J. O. Heaton, of Cassville, returned home Monday from a visit to friends in Huntingdon. Her sister-in-law, Miss Hattie Heaton, of Huntingdon, is seriously ill.

—Merchant Michael Stever, Ex-Poor Director Geo. W. Taylor and our farmer friend O. M. Stever, all of Cass township, paid our offlce a visit last Friday. Call again, gentleman.

—John R. Slates and family and Lewis Berky, of C nemaugh, are spending this week with friends in town. The gentlemen have been devoting most of their time to fishing with much success.

—A. W. Swope Esq., and wife paid a visit to the state capital last Thursday. They noted the many changes made along the line of the Pennsylvania railroad between Harrisburg and Mapleton and received much enjoyment from their trip.

— Miss Mattie O'Connor went to Hunting yesterday to enjoy the festivities incident to commencement week at Juniata college. The exercises began with a sermon Sunday morning and will close tomorrow evening with Alumni banquet in the college dining hall.

—Harold Stevenson, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday with his father-in-law, J. P. Wilson, on Railroad street. Mr. Stevenson is a commercial traveler in the employ of one of Philadelphia's largest grocery houses and is making a tour of the state visiting none but wholesale houses in the larger towns and cities.

Methodist Children's Day.

This might be properly styled the children's age. Never in the history of the world was so much attention given to the young folks as now, and this is right. The children of to-day are the men and women of to-morrow. If to-morrow is to be better than to-day, the present must see to it that the factors that make that better coming day are carefully furnished with elements of success. As a part of the process the work of the church of Christ is the most important of all, without wisdom and spiritual culture is no man the most valuable member of society nor is he capable of rendering his meed of service toward the progress of society. It is right that the church should do her best by the young folks, her future hope and the world's. In view of this fact it is quite proper for our churches to set apart and observe one Sunday in each year as Children's Day.

June 14 was generally observed throughout the United States as Children's Day as it was in the Methodist Episcopal church in Mapleton. Long before the hour designated and in spite of the heavy rain that had fallen the people began to assemble and by the time of beginning every seat was occupied and the vestibules and aisles were well filled.

It might be said that the successful Children's Day service is one in which the wearying features are reduced to a minimum and the attractive ones multiplied. Such a service must also embody the idea essential—that it is the children's day. The committee achieved a notable success in keeping these elements well to the front in the program with the result that one of the very best children's entertainments ever given in the Methodist church in Mapleton was furnished.

The service began at 6 p. m. by singing, after which the Rev T. H. MacLeod of the U. B. church led in prayer, which was followed by the responsive reading of an appropriate scripture selection. Hazel Foster welcomed the large congregation in her usual bright way, and the program was begun.

The space allowed us would not permit a mention of every number on the program although in general we may say that all the numbers were well rendered by the children and well received and showed that an unusual amount of careful training had been given.

Some parts of the program were especially good and deserve special mention although in so doing we do not mean to reflect in any way upon those not mentioned.

The singing by the children was well done and when accompanied by appropriate motions was remarkably impressive. What is so refreshing as childish simplicity and ingennousness!

The vocal solo by Eva McCarl was effective and what with the ease of manner and the purity of her tones this young lady cannot appear too frequently before a Mapleton audience.

"The Last Hymn," recited by May Yetter was away above the average.

Miss Alberta Johns, of Altoona, appeared for the third time before our people, and both in selection, "A Plea for the Children," and in rendition did she meet the high expectation with which the people greeted her. This young lady has already won various medals on the platform and is doubtless in the way of receiving still greater tokens of her popularity and achievement. Her clear articulation, her graceful gestures, her sense of mastery of the difficult art of public speaking make her ever welcome to Mapleton auditors.

The "Pilot Song" was rendered in a most impressive way and these six girls deserve great praise.

The "Flag Exercise" was most appropriate and reached a powerful climax in the singing of The Star Spangled Banner by Misses Vera Montgomery and Eva McCarl.

Miss Vera Montgomery took the par of queen in an exercise entitled "The Lord of the Harvest" and carried out her part most delightfully.

"Rock of Ages," a pantomime was given by six young ladies assisted by Miss Myrtle Wright. The pantomimic monements accompanied the singing of this wondertul, old hymn of the church and were illustrative of the feelings of a devoted heart as it takes refuge in the cleft of the "Sheltering Rock".

The parts taken by little Miss Heck and her brother were well received and the remarkable thing about it is, that children so young should do so well.

After having such a delightful hour's entertainment no one complained because the pastor did not have time for an address but confined his remarks to a short statement concerning the cause to be aided by the offerings of the people. The contribution was large and one of the most delightful Children's Day services given since the custom was inaugurated was brought to a close.

One word as to the decorations. Flags and bunting were used in good taste. The back ground of the stage was a flag framed in bunting. The choir alcove was tastefully festooned with bunting and flanked on either side with large flags. The partition wall was covered with a large flag caught up in the middle and surmounting a portrait of Geo. Washington. The chandelier was a mass of flags. These decorations were exceedingly appropriate considering that Flag Day fell on Children's Day. ***

Children's Day in the U. B. church.

Possibly one of the finest services of the kind ever held in this church was very nicely rendered in the Mapleton U. B. church last Sunday morning. The morning was beautiful, as beautiful a June morning as we usually see, which gave encouragement to people of all ages and sizes to go and see and hear all that was possible. This seems so. The exercises began at 10.30 o'clock and long before that hour people from town and country hovered about the church for entrance and before the hour of service seating capacity was exausted and standing room could scarcely be found.

The programme was a very patriotic one throughout and was carried out to the letter, being one of the best we have ever seen. The decorations were composed largely of the National colors and "Old Glory" could be seen in all parts of the house.

Promptly at the scheduled time the exercise opened with the song "Carols of Joy" after which the "Shepherd Psalm" by the children was used as the morning lesson. Rev. Ake of the M. E. church led in prayer. This opened the service in which over sixty children under 15 years of age very earnestly and faithfully performed their parts with wonder and amazement to the hearers. The singing was excellent, the recitations choice and the manner in which they were rendered is, to our minds such as will never be forgotten by those participating. The manner in which the children honored the glorious flag of Liberty; the songs "We Children of America", and "Columbia. the Gem of the Ocean" sung by the children were very inspiring. "A Boy's Rights" was rendered by Master Vernon McConahy and was one of the choicest selections. Many more, in fact all, were very good and many helpful lessons were learned from the children on this occasion that should lead those who are advancing in years to take great interest in and encourage the boys and girls in this noble work. The moments for closing soon came on and after a brief address by the pastor, Rev. MacLeod, on our Senior Bishop Castle, in which he told of childhood days, his rise through difficulties to the highest place in the church, and how possible it is for our boys and girls of today to rise into these high places in life and the Masters Kingdom on earth.

The exercises closed at 11.35 with the benediction by Rev. J. Howard Ake followed by a general hand-shake and all felt that they had enjoyed the hour most pleasantly. ***

Fourth of July Picnic.

A picnic under the auspices of Washington Camp No. 59, P. O. S. of A., will be held in the grove near Henry Miller's, one mile south of Mapleton, on the Fourth of July. At a meeting of the Camp held last evening a committee was appointed to make the necessary arrangements and prepare a program for the day's amusements. The picnic grounds are adjacent to the base ball field and two games have been arranged for with a team composed of middle division operators, which has the reputation of being hard to beat. Refreshments will be sold on the grounds, the proceeds to go to the Mapleton base ball club. A complete program will be published next week.

Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup is the one that children like so well to take as it tastes nearly as good as maple sugar. It is different from the others as it does not constipate, but on the other hand it acts gently yet freely on the bowels and thereby it drives the cold out of the body. It is sold by G. W. Wright.

THE CRY OF A WOMAN.

Man's work is mine, tho' woman born;
My hurried way in crowded mart
Is trod unswervingly each morn;
I live a thing apart,
I bear a hungry heart.

Man's love and babe's, life hath denied;
No leisure e'en to give a crust
Is mine, swept onward with the tide
Of those enslaved by lust
Of gold, or load unjust.

I would not vie with men for gain,
Nor in the sun of ease would bask;
I—who man's burden bear with pain—
I want my woman's task.
Give this, O Lord, I ask!

—Elizabeth Graeme Barbour, in The American Magazine.

A Jump at Conclusions

By ALICE LOUISE LEE.

Partly because her tendencies in that direction and partly because Anne was such a good listener, Mrs. Bixby was talking. Every one talked to Anne.

"I'm so glad you ran in to-day," Mrs. Bixby began, opening her work-bag and producing a gold-lined thimble. "I've wanted to see you ever since Emma Easley called Tuesday afternoon with that man she's engaged to. I presume you'll be astonished, but I wasn't. I've known the Easleys for years back. I knew Emma's grandfather, and they all have just the same streak in them that Emma showed when she was here."

Anne looked up surprised, and began drawing her long gloves slowly through her fingers.

Mrs. Bixby set a chair energetically near the north window, where she could command a good light, and gazed into the depths of a blue silk work-bag critically. Mrs. Bixby was nothing if not critical. About her eyes were fine, downward-sloping lines, acquired through gazing steadfastly on her acquaintances' faults.

"Of course this is something I would not tell everybody, but I knew I could tell you. I was thinking about it just as I saw you coming down the street. I felt in my bones that you were coming here, and I said to myself, 'Now I can tell Anne, because she is one person who can keep what's told her.'"

Anne smiled, stole a glance at herself in the mantel mirror, tilted her hat at the right angle, and murmured, "Yes."

Anne's share in many conversations was entirely monosyllabic.

Mrs. Bixby delved with nervous movements into her work-bag, and produced a piece of half-finished Battenberg lace. "A centerpiece for the square table," she explained, holding it up with visible pride. "Isn't it beautiful, Anne?"

"Very," returned Anne, her eyes wandering over the room with its super abundance of Battenberg—as edging to the curtains, as "throws" on the backs of chairs, a round centerpiece on the round table, and dainty doilies wherever an excuse for a doily existed.

"Of course,"—Mrs. Bixby changed the subject with disconcerting rapidity—"I haven't mentioned this to a soul, because I don't want to prejudice any one against Emma, but for my part I don't see how even an Easley could have the face to indulge in such broad hints, even in hopes of getting a handsome wedding present."

"Why, Mrs. Bixby!" exclaimed Anne. Her gloves dropped to her lap and her hat slid away from the right angle unnoticed. "Why—"

Mrs. Bixby cut in swiftly. "Well, Anne, that's exactly what she did! She stayed here half an hour, and talked so much I couldn't crowd a word in edgewise, and it was all perfectly open hints for that Battenberg mantel throw as a wedding present.

Mrs. Bixby pointed in growing indignation at the Battenberg creation beneath the mirror. Then she bit off a thread as sharply as if it were connected with the odious hints, and continued, "The very idea! That piece is worth twenty dollars if it's worth a cent, and if Emma Easley thinks she'll get a twenty dollar present from me she's mistaken—especially when she as much as asked for it!"

Anne's eyes were wide open and Anne's expression was one of astonishment, tinged with amusement, which Mrs. Bixby thought very unbecoming and uncalled for.

"How—" Anne began, but she was not allowed to finish.

"How do I know?" Mrs. Bixby's manner was a shade colder as she took the words from Anne's lips. "Well, Anne, it doesn't take me long to put two and two together, especially with an Easley. I did hope that their grasping, stingy streak was left out of Emma, but I see it's as broad in her as in her grandfather."

"Why, it seems—" Anne began, doubling up her gloves in an embarrassed fashion.

Mrs. Bixby threw back her head and raised her voice: "Of course I know I do the best work on Battenberg in town, and I'm used to having callers notice the pieces, but I'm not so stupid as to mistake hints for genuine admiration. and I never got so many hints as Emma gave me Tuesday. I shall never think the same of her again—"

"But, Mrs. Bixby—" Anne was annoyingly insistent for Anne.

Mrs. Bixby was obliged to raise her voice a half tone higher and speak more rapidly:

"Yes, she hinted! She looked all my pieces over, and finally settled on the mantel throw. She dragged that young man of hers up to look at it and admire it, though I must say he had the sense to look embarrassed. She asked him if he didn't want her to do Battenberg for their new house, but if she did, she could never make such an exquisite throw as that, much as she wanted it! And I just said to myself, 'Well, Emma Easley, it will take more than one invitation to a wedding to get that mantel throw after you've had the cheek to ask for it!"

Anne rocked quietly, but the amused expression in her eyes deepened to a degree which drove Mrs. Bixby into a defensive attitude.

"And, Anne, I'm not the only one that she' virtually told what she wants, either. I happened to notice that after they left here they went into Mrs. White's; so after supper I stepped over across the back yards—and what do you think?"

Mrs. Bixby paused and measured off a length of thread while her eyes searched Anne's face sharply.

"You know Mrs. White does beautiful watercolors, and if you'd believe it, Emma had spent alil her time talking about that Lake George scene which hangs between the front windows! She told Mrs. White that she loved water-color pictures better than any others, and she never saw one she liked as well as that. Then she turned to that young man—I never can think of his name—and told him she wanted one like it for their parlor. Did you ever hear the equal of that?"

"But, Mrs. Bixby—" Anne began again, with no better success than before.

"And the queerest thing to me," Mrs. Bixby hurried on, "is that Mrs. White never saw the point until she told it over to me! Mrs. White isn't as quick as she might be. But when she did see, she felt as provoked about it as I do. She says she had intended, if she got an invitation to the wedding, to give Emma a watercolor, but now she shall take her one of those dollar glass fruit-dishes in the window at Jones & Sons. I've not decided what I'll give—certainly not more than a dollar's worth under the circumstances, and it will not be a piece of Battenberg!"

"But," began Anne, drawing on one glove deliberately, "I must tell you that their new house is to be—"

"Yes, that's just it!" cried Mrs. Bixby. "We all know that the house Mr. Easley put up for Emma is away beyond his means, and they can't afford to furnish it properly now that it's built. But everybody knows," significantly, "how far a big wedding goes toward furnishing a home—especially," Mrs. Bixby raised her brows sarcastically, "if it becomes generally known just what furnishings they want. Well, so far as I am concerned, Emma will be disappointed."

"No, she won't!" Anne burst out, so suddenly that Mrs. Bixby could only stare.

"Not a bit disappointed!" cried Anne, laughing as she rose. The amusement lurking in her eyes overflowed her face. "Neither will she be disappointed in not getting Mrs. White's water-color—not she!"

"What?" ejaculated Mrs. Bixby. The workbag slipped unnoticed to the floor. "Anne Tupper, what do you mean?" For the first time she was willing to listen to her caller.

Annie fitted the fingers of her gloves carefully and spoke breathlessly, suppressing the merriment which Mrs. Bixby nevertheless perceived.

"I have known it from the first, but Emma only gave me permission this morning to speak of it—she's not going to have a big wedding. No one will be invited but her uncles and aunts—and—well, I am to go, of course, but she's made me promise not to give her a thing except a sword-leaf fern. She says people give such senseless gifts at weddings that she doesn't want her new house filled with useless trumpery."

Mrs. Bixby reddened, coughed, and dropped her thimble. Her manner was subdued to an unprecedented degree as she followed Anne to the door. Her voice was humble in its cadence and shaded into pleading as she pressed Anne's hand, saying:

"It's such a pleasure, dear, to tell you things, because I feel sure you'll never repeat them."

After Anne's departure she picked up her thimble and work-bag, straightened a chair here and picked up a thread there, and it was a full hour before she made her reluctant way through the back yards to Mrs. White's. —Youth's Companion.

Home Folks.

"I haven't seen a drunken man since I've been here,' declared the visitor to the prohibition state.

"Oh, we are not ostentatious," exclaimed the Georgia man.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

In some parts of China the natives have taken to raising grapes and making several kinds of wine.

FOR THE WOMEN FOLK

Women Form Civic Federation.

The woman's department of the National Civic Federation was organized at Washington, D. C., having for its object the betterment of conditions for workers in every branch of industry, with Mrs. Thurston Ballard of Louisville, chairman, and Miss Comer, daughter of the Governor of Alabama, secretary.

A Tribute to Motherhood.

In an address in New York yesterday Olga Nethersole paid a tribute to motherhood that will attract wide attention. As a representative of successful histrionic effort she declared unqualifiedly that the mother achieves a higher plane than art; that no "career" can be compared with the conduct of a successful home. So unexpected was this declaration that one of the auditors arose and interrogated the speaker, whose replies made her opinion more emphatic.

It can hardly be doubted that other women who have attained to success on the stage and in other public capacities will endorse the Nethersole dictum. Fame is fascinating for a time, but it is not satisfying. The higher mission alone can bring the perfect happiness that is the ideal. And yet we could not disparage the noble women who have sacrificed their personal comfort and happiness to promote the cause of humanity, or even of art. It is not for us to say they have been mistaken in their choice.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

At Dinner.

The head of the house is an important person at a dinner party. His name must be mentioned in the invitations, whether they are formal or friendly in tone, and he must exert himself to the best of his power to make everything go well.

He usually tells the gentlemen whom they are to take in to dinner—having a paper in his pocket with the names written on for fear he should make a mistake. This is sometimes done by the hostess, but the host should save her the trouble, if possible.

He has to lead the way in to dinner, escorting the lady highest in rank.

He places her on his right hand, the lady second in rank sitting at his left. He should not seat himself at the table until every one is settled, but should stand in his proper place till he is sure that everyone is seated.

After dinner he should open the door for the ladies, unless the man nearest it does it at once.

The men generally draw up near the host after the ladies have left, and he must see to the passing of the wine. When the ladies take their leave it is the business of the host to see them off, and this is his place at every entertainment, afternoon and evening.—From Etiquette Up to Date.

Women Workers.

Recently 600 women from Eastern states called at the White House, where President Roosevelt said to them:

There are always a certain number of persons who never try to be anything but drudges, and a certain number of others who make having a good time the be-all and end-all of life, and I think these working-women's clubs strike the happy medium as well as any organizations that I know. I believe in them with all my heart.

The Ohio State Journal thinks that the discrimination is fine. There is, it holds, a golden medium between drudges and drones, and that exalted rank, it declares, many a woman is occupying. The Journal adds:

There is somewhat that may be said with reference to the President's discriminating remark concerning the "drudges" and the "good time" class. Not to be a drudge requires a fine resolution—a resolution to spend some leisure toward the upbuilding of a person's higher nature; to acquire taste, and intelligence, and gentle manners, and a heart that aspires. It may not be possible to be otherwise sometimes, but as a rule, no woman has a right to be a drudge. She was meant for something fairer and nobler, and the fact that she has to work for her living, helps rather than retards the ennoblement of her life.

A Mother vs. "Mother Goose."

Alice, wandering in Wonderland, heard the loud lamenting of the Queen. "What is the matter?" she asked. "Have you pricked your finger?" "I haven't pricked it yet," sobbed royalty, "but I soon shall." And she resumed her weeping. So a little fable is rounded out for borrowers of trouble; for the people who remember best "the things that happened week after next."

The Lewis Carroll moral is referred to the Worcester mother who has burned "Mother Goose" at the stake, banished the fairy classics and declared for nothing but realism in the nursery. While the lady's attack lasts there will be a few more children than usual for whom one should be sorry.

When a child's imagination first begins to work it goes wild. Strange visions are conjured up. Queer tales roll often from small tongues. Grown ups are startled, not remembering that they, too, have seen childish wonders, and not understanding that a mental force is getting under way without which the world would never get anywhere.

This gathering force needs gentle training. The Worcester mother would decree for it destruction. Under her word small folk everywhere would have the extingusher of cold fact shut down on their budding fancy. And all for a borrowed worry lest some day, somehow, should come to pass a bit of mischief that no "Mother Goose" extravaganza, no fairy tale and no belief in a Santa Claus has ever thus far worked out in any nursery in the world.

At this contemplation it would be perfectly excusable for the little dog to laugh and the cow to jump over the moon.—New York World.

Signs a Woman Notices.

There is one time in her life when every girl, no matter how practical she may be as a rule, cannot help permitting herself to be swayed by a few superstitions, and that is on her wedding day. She would not think of falling upstairs that morning, for fear her bridegroom should play her false and she be compelled to remain single for another year.

If she gets up to find the sky overcast or the streets full of deep splashing puddels when she is looking forward to a noon wedding, then indeed do her spirits sink, for she knows that only that bride is fated to happiness upon whom the sun shines.

She has heard that the bride who sheds tears during the ceremony may look forward to a long life of happiness, and yet when the time comes she is afraid to lose her self-control for fear she should stop the service.

As to her wedding attire, all her relatives and friends have long been instilling into her mind what she must be sure to wear.

"Something borrowed and something blue," and so she borrows a handkerchief from her sister, fastens a blue garter just below her knee, and comforts herself that her slippers are really old because she has been "breaking them in" in the privacy of her boudoir during the past week.

She knows that if she would enjoy undivided happiness she must never try on her wedding gown in its entirety until the day upon which she is to be married, and that her prospective husband should not be permitted to see her that day until he meets her at the altar.

Up until lately green has been looked upon as an emblem of bad luck, but this spring quite a number of green weddings will be noticed. The decorations will be entirely of this color, and the bridesmaid's dresses, if not entirely of it, will at least have embroideries of trimmings of green.—Bridgeport Telegram.

Fashion Notes.

Nearly all hatpins are now ornamental.

The new suede pumps have pretty buckles and high tongues.

Embroidered silk gloves are reported to be popular with the Parisians.

A parasol has a plain silver handle and the monogram is the only ornament.

Black satin facings and collar are added to pongee coats with good effect.

Tea gowns of today are far removed from the inartistic models of several years ago.

Small scallops buttonholed in color finish a jabot now and then upon a waist striped in the color.

Parasol handles carved and tinted to match the floral design of the silk cover are smart this season.

Large squares of brown chiffon bound with satin ribbon are handy to protect one from the sun.

A light yellow shopping bag is drawn up with cords of the same soft leather and the bag is a small fox head.

For a change from the colored bow with a white collar, try a colored collar, plain pink, blue or lavender, with a white embroidered bow.

Wallachian embroidery is becoming more and more popular, and is in many instances replacing eyelet, for it works more quickly and it is easy to do.

Though soutache braiding is now seen on the handsomest of gowns it is doubtful if it will have the continued popularity that embroidery always holds.

Gray mousseline over a lining only tinted with blue so that just a suggestion of color gleams through makes a charming, dressy gown for a gray-haired lady.

CALEB POWERS PARDONED BY GOVERNOR WILLSON

Howard, Accused of Connection With Goebel Murder, Released.

FOUR JURY TRIALS FAILED

Struggled For Freedom During Eight Years With a Noose About His Neck—Most Dramatic Case in Kentucky.

Frankfort, Ky. — By announcing the pardon of Caleb Powers and James Howard, Governor Willson closed the last chapter of one of Kentucky's most noted criminal case, in which the people of all parts of the United States have formally expressed their interest by signing petitions for pardon.

Powers and Howard were both released at once, the former going to a hotel and the latter taking a train to Louisville. Friends of Powers say that he will be taken in triumph to the Republican National Convention at Chicago, but Powers insists that he will remain at his home for some weeks to regain his health.

Governor Willson has been considering the Powers and Howard cases for several weeks. His decision was made known in a formal statement of the pardon and his reasons therefor, which he gave to the press at once.

Governor Willson also granted a pardon to Caleb Powers upon the indictment pending against him in the Franklin Circuit Court charging subornation of perjury.

The Governor's reason for the pardon of Howard and his restoration to all the rights of citizenship is that a careful examination of all the evidence and proceedings of the trial had satisfied the Governor beyond all doubt that Howard had nothing whatever to do with the murder of William Goebel, but that Henry Youtsey, as set forth in the reasons for the Powers pardon, formed the plan which was carried out in the murder of Goebel.

The campaign that ended in the defeat of Goebel at the polls, the struggle incident to his legislative contest whereby he snatched the Governorship from Taylor, his assassination and the campaign of proscription waged by his partisans after his death were replete with dramatic situations and crowded the stage with actors, who played important parts, but, of all the participants, none, not even Goebel himself, focussed public attention more clearly than Caleb Powers, the Republican Secretary of State.

Powers has been fighting with a halter around his neck for eight years. During all that time he has been largely in the power of his political opponents, the majority of those who were engaged in prosecuting him being partisans of Goebel. These opponents were surrounded by a horde of witnesses and detectives and backed by the $50,000 reward fund which the Gobel Democrats in the Legislature voted from the public treasury to secure the conviction of the murderers.

Four times Powers has been tried for his life, the last trial resulting in a hung jury.

At the hour Goebel was assassinated in Frankfort Powers was some 200 miles away, on a train bound for Western Kentucky, where he intended raising a second "peaceful army," or "petition in boots," to protest against what seemed would be the certain course of the Legislature in proceeding to oust Governor Taylor and seat Goebel on contest proceedings. He returned to Frankfort, and remained there during the stormy days that culminated in the instalment of Goebel as Governor upon his deathbed.

Soon after, seeing the trend of events, Powers and a Frankfort policeman attempted to leave the capital by stealth. They were caught, and when given preliminary arraignment produced pardons signed by Taylor and dated prior to Goebel's installation as Governor. Although such pardons, issued in advance of trial, have been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals as legal, those produced by Powers and his companion were held of no effect, and were cited by Goebel men as additional evidence of the guilt of the accused.

Then followed during the course of eight years four legal battles which served to reveal the intensity of the hatreds arouse by the memorable struggle for the Governorship.

PHIPPS GIVES $500,000.

To Found a Clinic For Study of Cure For Mental Diseases.

Baltimore, Md.—Wm. H. Welsh, of the Johns Hopkins, announced that Henry Phipps, of Pittsburg and New York, just prior to sailing for Europe, arranged for a large gift to the Johns Hopkins Hospital and University for the founding of a Psychiatric Clinic on the lines of well-known similar institutions in Europe.

It will be the first of its kind with adequate equipment and support in connection with a large hospital and university in this country. The funds provide for the construction of a four-story hospital building on the Hopkins Hospital grounds to accommodate sixty patients, modern apparatus for use in the treatment of patients, and laboratories for the scientific investigation of mental abnormalities by pathological, chemical and psychological methods.

THE PULPIT.

A SCHOLARLY SUNDAY SERMON BY THE REV. G. H. EGGLESTON.

Theme: Unconditional Service.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—The Rev. Gurdon H. Eggleston, pastor of the Greene Avenue Church, preached Sunday morning on "Unconditional Service." The text was from Luke 10:60: "Let the dead bury their dead; but go thou and preach the Kingdom of God." Mr. Eggleston said:

We turn our thought to a verse of Scripture that leaves in many Christian minds a wrong impression, or seems to be entirely meaningless: "Let the dead bury their dead; but go thou and preach the Kingdom of God." As we think of these words we must beware of of reading into Christianity an unnaturalness that savors not of a loving God "full of compassion—and plenteous in mercy." The Christian religion, of which Jesus is the personification, does not repudiate one single human emotion. Its demands are not thus harsh. It does not demand the renunciation of home life and human relations in order to be pure and good, as the monks and nuns of old asserted. Not in cloistered hall, secluded from curious eyes, is the holiest life lived, but out in the busy world, bearing a share of its burdens, meeting its temptations, yet withal living a life that is pure and good. The nun in her seclusion and much prayer is not more righteous than the Christian housewife with her many duties and less prayer. Nor is the Christian business man living a less noble life than the cloistered monk. Christianity is not for seclusion. It is for the every day life which you and I are living. It is to lift common life into the divine. It does not ask us to be unnatural. It does not deny us any legitimate relationship. It does not require neglect of any earthly duty, for the Gospel of Jesus is a religion for this life.

Some would make the text mean simply that we must not entangle ourselves with the affairs of the world. This is likely to misrepresent the Gospel of Jesus. The true Christian has a duty in this world, nor is he to be separated from it. He has a part in the work of redemption. His the obligation so to enter into the varied phases of life that he may help to lift it to higher ideals. Business, politics, professional life, should not be unrelated to Christian principles. Each needs more men to carry Christian principles into those departments of life for their purification. When men shall have grasped the idea that every part of their life is related inseparably to their religion, and that the man who is a Christian only when he is inside a church is not a Christian at all, then will a mighty stride be made toward the realization of the Kingdom of God in the hearts and lives of men.

If it is true the words do not mean the repudiation of natural affection, if it is true they do not mean separation from the world in order to be a Christian, what, then, is the message of these words from the lips of Jesus? Two words suffice to state the proposition. Unconditional service. "Let the dead bury their dead" voices the urgent demand of the message of Jesus on the soul of men.

The occasion for the seemingly strange words of Jesus was a season of excuses. He had been talking to His followers concerning the kingdom of righteousness. Attracted by His personality, many gather to hear His words. To them Jesus said, "Follow Me." But they begin with one accord to make excuse. They would like to follow Jesus, but they are not willing to pay the price. Unconditional service. Their loyalty is tempered with conditions. Jesus says, follow Me now, this instant, ere I depart. But one young man feels he must first say goodby to his friends. While he is gone to his native village to say goodby Jesus would have left the country. It would be too late to follow. His goodby would have cost him his fellowship with the Master. Therefore, Jesus said to him, "No man having put his hand to the plow and looking back is fit for the Kingdom of God." We cannot believe Jesus had any objection to the young man's goodby to his friends, if at the same time he could have followed. Another young man must needs first go bury his father. But Jesus said to him, "Let the dead bury their dead; go thou and preach the Kingdom of God." The performance of these duties, which were perfectly worthy in themselves, would have separated them from Jesus. Then when they were ready to follow, Jesus would have been far away. Participation in the funeral rites would, according to the Eastern custom, entail a ceremonial uncleanness of seven days. Seven days it would have taken to bury the father. Before the funeral is over Jesus would have been far away, and the young man might then be unwilling to follow after Him.

By this stange answer, laden with spiritual meaning, Jesus taught that young man, and is teaching this age, that His claims are paramount; that obedience must be instant and absolute. It may be the path to hell is paved with good intentions; but of one thing we may be sure, the way into the Christ life is not paved with excuses. He who would be a follower of that Perfect Man, the Son of God, must render unconditional service. The same tree does not bear the true and the false, the honest and the dishonest, the pure and the impure.

The way of righteousness and the way of evil are two roads which lead to opposite conditions. Would man walk in the way of truth, he must even be willing to let the spiritually dead bury their nead. If the dearest friend a man has in the world would keep him from righteousness and Christ, then it must needs be as Jesus said that a man must disregard the desires even of his father and his mother. How often in life we see the counterpart of the sad story of the young woman who would follow her Master in a life of service for the suffering, but who met with bitter opposition from a godless mother who desired nothing better for the daughter than the useless life of a society belle. She was forced with sorrow to forsake the mother, to leave the parental roof, to let the dead bury their dead, while she did the work of the Kingdom of Love. The call of Jesus Christ to serve is unqualified. Excuses do not pass muster. Whatsoever hinders service must be renounced, if men would follow. Nor is this a harsh demand. It does not require that we be unnatural. It does not ask the man to be less a man, or the woman to be less a woman.

But, on the other hand, no earthly duty or relationship can be pawned as an excuse for neglect of duty to God, righteousness and the cause of humanity. Forgetful that excuse should have no place in Christian living, many a one to-day who has heard the call of the Master, "Follow Me," like the young man of old, has bribed the conscience with excuses. Many of the current excuses are far less plausible than those of the men who would first say goodby to the friends and bury the father. Back of every life to-day that is not Christian, that is not living for righteousness, there is a reason, perhaps an excuse, certainly that stands in the way of following Jesus, which cross-examination would reveal. It may be indifference. Indifference to the moral and spiritual claims of Jesus Christ upon the life is not commendable. It may be some pet sin hidden away from the knowledge of the world within the secret places of heart and life. To offer the love of a pet sin as the reason for not following the Master is a sad confession of weakness. We recall the words, "If thy right hand offend thee cut it off and cast it from thee."

The excuse may be that men think themselves not good enough. But the purpose of Christianity is to make men good; not to take them after they are good. It may be cowardly fear of criticism stands in the way. But the true man does not fear criticism when doing the right.

"Go thou and publish abroad the Kingdom of God" was the message to the young man who excused himself. It tells the nature of the service. That service is essentially and primarily personal. The first requirement is, "Follow Me." That means to believe in Jesus as a personal Saviour from sin. It means to live the principles of the Christ life in our daily life.

Whatever hinders the tangible expression of that Gospel we profess must be cast out. Is there a secret sin? It must go. Is there a trick in business that does not square with honesty? It must go. Is there a pet jealousy or envy that does not weigh well in the scales of love? It must go. Is there even a desire in the heart that is not pure and true? It must go. The outward appearance judges not the man, but the motives and desires of the heart, they are the judge. Time was when a man was deemed good if he committed no overt act of wrong. It mattered little what he thought, or what the lusts of the heart might be, so long as he did no wrong. But the searching truth of Jesus reversed these values. Not an eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth, but render thou good for evil. "If thy right eye offend thee, pluck it out and cast it from thee; for it is profitable for thee that one of thy members should perish, and not that thy whole body should be cast into hell." Nor is this strenuous ideal enough. It is not sufficient that the actions of the life conform to the laws of morality and righteousness. Listen to the words of Jesus in which He states the great ideal: "Ye have heard how it was said by them of old, thou shalt not kill; but I say unto you that whosoever is angry with his brother without a cause shall be in danger of the judgment. Ye have heard that it was said by them of old, thou shalt not commit adultery. But I say that whosoever desireth thus to sin hath already done the sin in his heart." It is the noblest ideal that has ever been given to man. It demands the purification of the motives and desires of the heart as well as the actions of the life; for from the heart proceedeth all sin. It strikes at the very centre of wrongdoing. Thus is service to Christ made first of all a matter to the heart. The heart must be right. Then, it becomes a matter of the life. The life will be righteous if the heart is right. Follow Me, said Jesus. Get the heart and life in harmony with noble ideals. Then, "Go thou and preach the Kingdom of God."

Thus Jesus transfers the nature of service from the narrow limits of the personal into the great world-wide field of the social. The ultimate object becomes not one's own individual salvation, but the Kingdom of God, which is also the brotherhood of man. Jesus did not say to the young man, Let the dead bury their dead, but go thou and save thine own soul. But He did say, Go thou and save others into life, publish the message of love. In that work for others in the name of God, he would save himself. There is no other way. He who seeketh to save his life shall lose it; but he who sacrifices his life for My sake, the same shall save it. The which is to say a man cannot save his own soul without seeking to save the life of a brother at the same time; a man cannot be a Christian and care nothing for the redemption of the world into the Christ-like life of light and love.

Bold, Bad Men.

Many who fear to walk under a ladder have no hesitation in climbing over the commandments of God.

The Sunday-School

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JUNE 21.

Review of the Second Quarter of the Year—Golden Text, John 20:31—The Purpose of John's Gospel Explained.

Golden Text. — "But these things are written that ye might believe that Jesus is the Christ the Son of God; and that believing ye might have life through His name." John 20:31.

The purpose of John's Gospel is given in the Golden Text. The best review of the lessons of the quarter will be to go through the lessons one by one and find out how this great truth is illustrated in each lesson.

In Lesson I. the deity of Christ comes out in His claiming to be the door, through whom alone any man can enter into the kingdom, and in His claiming to be the Good Shepherd, the relation that in the Old Testament Jehovah claimed.

In Lesson II. the deity of Christ comes out in His demonstrating His power to raise the dead by His simple word.

In Lesson III. the deity of Christ comes out again in His being the One who raised Lazarus from the dead.

In Lesson IV. the deity of Christ comes out in the assertion of His preexistence with the Father, and in His Father's having given all things into His hands, and in His knowledge of what was going on in the hearts of men, and in His assertion that He was Master and Lord.

In Lesson V. the deity of Christ comes out in His commanding men to believe in Him just as they believed in God, and in His assertion that he that hath seen Me hath seen the Father.

In Lesson VI. the deity of Christ comes out in the assertion of His preexistence, and in His assertion "that all things that the Father hath are Mine."

In Lesson VII. the deity of Christ comes out in His very presence, overpowering His enemies.

In Lesson VIII. the deity of Christ comes out in His fulfilling in detail so many of the Old Testament prophecies regarding the Christ.

In Lesson IX. the deity of Christ comes out in His resurrection, the Father's seal of Jesus' claim to deity.

In Lesson X. the deity of Christ comes out again in the certainty of His resurrection and in His accepting to Himself ascription of deity when Thomas called Him, "My Lord and my God."

In Lesson X. the deity of Christ comes out again in His resurrection fully attested.

"Rejoice in the Lord."

Why should we not rejoice in the good things of God? If the day is pure and serene, we enjoy its gladness. Why should we not rejoice in the serene light of truth that shines from heaven upon us? We find a joy in the presence and cheerful greeting of our friends. Why should we not look up to heaven, whence so many pure and most loving faces look upon us with divine affection, and with most tender desire to cheer and help us?

Having an almighty and most loving Father, in whom we live and move and have our being, let us rejoice in Him. Having a most loving Saviour, who has made Himself our brother, and feeds us with His life, we ought surely to rejoice in Him. Having the Holy Spirit of God with us, making us His temples, and pouring His love into our hearts, we ought certainly to answer His love and rejoice in His overflowing goodness. "Rejoice in the Lord always, and again I say rejoice."—William Bernard Ullathorne.

How to Conquer Sin.

Sin begins in the heart. If the thoughts are pure the life will be blameless. The indulgence of sinful thoughts and desires produces sinful actions. When lust hath conceived it bringeth forth sin. The pleasurable contemplation of a sinful deed is usually followed by its commission.

Never pause and consider the pleasures and profit of any sin. Close your mind against such suggestions at once, as you would lock and bolt your doors against a robber. Let this one thought, "It is wrong," end all dalliance. If Eve had not stood parleying with the devil, and admiring the beautiful fruit, earth might have yet been a paradise.

No one becomes a thief, a fornicator, or a murderer at once. The mind must first be corrupted. The wicked suggestion must be indulged and revolved in the thoughts until it loses the hideous deformity and the anticipated gain or pleasure comes to outweigh the evils of the transgression. —Detroit News-Tribune.

My Chief Joy.

I can bear you this witness, that not all friendship, not all praise, not success in life, not the joy which I experienced in communion with nature, nor the rapturous and exquisite sensations in the presence of things beautiful, nothing in earth, has ever been to me such strength, such constant joy, as the sense that Christ loved me while I was a sinner, and as I am a sinner; that because I am sick, He is my physician; and because I am weak, He is my captain; and because I am imperfect. He is my "all and in all."—Henry Ward Beecher.

It is hard to catch heavenly fruits when you are carrying earthly frets.

$25,000 OF ARMY PAY SCATTERED BY WIND

Blown 500 Yards When Storm Hits Encampment at Pine Plains.

SOLDIERS HURT IN THE BLAST

Levels Tents and Injures a Score of Troopers — Headquarters' Mess Flung High in Air—Grant's Tent Blown Over.

Pine Plains, N. Y. — Havoc was wrought on the Hogsback when a violent windstorm, accompanied by rain and hail, bore down on the city of tents where the National Guard and the regular troops are encamped, ready for the military maneuvres of the Department of the East. Every tent in the camp was blown down, and a number of soldiers were injured.

Major William E. Halliday, Paymaster of the camp, was paying off in one of the tents in the Twelfth Infantry reservation when the storm broke. He had almost $25,000, mostly in bills of $10, $5, $2 and $1 denominations. The tent under which the Paymaster sat was swept away and the money was scattered by the wind. Late at night the search for some of the missing money was still going on. Some of it was found after the storm 500 yards away.

Many of the militiamen are bivoucking on the wet ground, disgusted with camp life, for the present, at least.

The Massachusetts National Guard suffered more than any of the other organizations, although few regiments escaped damage.

All was activity in Pine Camp early in the afternoon when a black cloud was observed coming out of the northeast. It came on rapidly. Just at 3 o'clock the storm struck. A quiver ran throughout the camp, and then the tents began to fall. Canvas was flapping in the wind, and the men went scurrying this way and that, dodging the tents and tent poles as they were uprooted and hurled along by the blast.

It is estimated that the gale blew sixty miles an hour for a few minutes after it struck. And while the soldiers were staggering against the force of the wind the hail struck and then the rain. On the top of the Hogsback, a knoll which overlooks the entire encampment, and on which was pitched the tents of General Frederick Dent Grant and his staff, the greatest damage was done. General Grant's tent was one of the first to go down before the wind.

The General was in his tent talking to Major Lloyd McCormick, the Inspector-General, when the first blast struck. Before the General and the Major could spring out of the door the big A-shaped tent fell about their heads, and as they scrambled to free themselves from the canvas it was lifted by the wind and carried down the hill.

The tents occupied by the military observers and the umpires were grouped around that of General Grant. Every one of them was blown down and some of the observers narrowly escaped injury.

Over the crest of the hill swept the wind and down into the lowlands where the militia and regulars were encamped. The Eleventh and Thirteenth Cavalry Regiments suffered. Most of their tents were swept to the ground. The Twenty-fourth Infantry also suffered severely. The Fifth and Twelfth also had tents blown down. The Second, Sixth and Eighth Massachusetts had their tents carried away and the canvas torn and tent poles broken.

One man in the Massachusetts troops had both shoulders dislocated, another's ear was nearly torn off, and a third's back was sprained.

It will take the engineer corps two days to get the camp in order again and repair the damage done by the storm. The storm lasted only about five minutes and then the rain poured down. Before the storm the soldiers suffered greatly from the heat.

With the coming of the 3000 United States troops by foot and rail, and the arrival of the National Guard organizations, Pine Plains presents a spectacle the like of which has not been witnessed in times of peace. The site of the camp is a broad, sandy plateau stretching along the shores of Black River, near the village of Felt Mills and half way between Watertown and Carthage.

The camp is 2300 yards long and 350 yards wide, and is laid out in the shape of a wedge. Within this wedge have been laid out thirteen separate camps, one for each organization. These are sub-divided into camps for each branch of the service, six regiments of infantry, two regiments of cavalry, three batteries of field artillery and two companies of engineers.

The tents occupied by the enlisted men are conical wall tents, accommodate six men each, and are equipped with the "Helen Gould" cots. The officers occupy A-shaped tents.

It is estimated that there will be at least 6000 troops at the camp at all times, and about 30,000 during the encampment. The regulars will remain throughout the encampment, and the militia will take part in three relays of ten days each.

During the encampment the troops will be kept busy with day and night maneuvres, solving various problems of defense and attack, outpost duty, and other activities such as would engage troops in the field at war.

FLORIDA STANDS TORPEDO TEST.

Monitor Disabled, With Side Pierced and List, at Fort Monroe.

Fort Monroe, Va.—Pierced with an American Whitehead torpedo carrying a charge of guncotton, which tore a large hole in her side, the United States monitor Florida now rests in the drydock at the Norfolk Navy Yard, a victim of a naval experiment to test the vulnerability from torpedo attack of watertight bulkheads. The water in the vessel's hold gives her a list of seventeen inches to starboard.

The test took place off Pine Beach, near the Jamestown exposition grounds, where the monitor was anchored in fifteen feet of water. The naval officials, while admitting that the damage done to the vessel is serious, declare that it is not vital and say that the test is satisfactory.

Upon arrival at the navy yard the monitor Florida was immediately run into the big stone drydock and the water pumped out, in order that a close examination of the damage done by the torpedo could be definitely seen. This examination showed that a clean hole, extending from the superstructure down the hull, had been made, and that it was twenty feet in length. The destructive power of the torpedo was the marvel of the examining officers. The injury internally extended in about eight feet at the centre, but varied from four to six feet on the margins.

"BLIND TOM'S" LIFE ENDS.

Negro Musical Prodigy Dies in Hoboken—Was Born in Slavery.

Hoboken, N. J.—"Blind Tom," the negro, who could play on the piano any piece of music he had heard once, and who, aside from his musical ability, was practically an imbecile, is dead. His death has been reported many times—first, when he was supposed to have been one of the thousands swept away in the Johnstown flood—but the old negro had been living quietly in New Jersey for years, and died in Hoboken. He was named Thomas Greene Bethune, after his former master.

Just how old he was is unknown. Stories vary, but he was born probably between 1849 and 1853 on a plantation near Columbus, Ga., where his parents lived as the slaves of General James N. Bethune. He made his first appearance in New York in 1861, played in Chicago the following year, at the Empire Theatre, London, in 1867, and in California in 1873. His last work in public was at the Circle Theatre, New York, in 1904, when he amazed many who believed he was dead by repeating the feats of his earlier years.

VANDERBILT WINS GRAND PRIX.

His Northeast Takes Blue Ribbon Event of France, Worth $72,000.

Paris.—Thousands of Americans saw W. K. Vanderbilt's bay colt Northeast, with J. Childs up, capture the Grand Prix de Paris, the blue ribbon event of the French turf, which this year was worth about $72,000. Beautiful weather favored the running of this classic, and fully 150,000 persons gathered at Longchamps to witness the race, which marked the close of the Paris season.

President Fallieres was present, together with the members of his Cabinent, and there was an unusually large attendance of foreigners from all parts of Europe. After the victory of his horse Mr. Vanderbilt was escorted to the Presidential loge, where he was warmly congratulated by M. Fallieres.

Governmental Deficits.

Not only the United States, but Russia, Germany and France face Government deficits in the coming fiscal year.

INSANE MOTHER KILLS SEVEN.

She First Took Them to a Show, Then Shot Them and Herself at Cadilac, Mich.

Cadilac, Mich.—Mrs. Daniel Cooper, while insane, killed her husband, six of her seven children, and herself during the night, by shooting them through the head.

The dead are Daniel Cooper, forty-eight years old; Mrs. Cooper, forty-five years old; Harry, aged fourteen; Inez, aged eleven; Samuel, aged ten; Georgiana, aged five, and Florence, aged one and one-half years.

When Mrs. Cooper's mother and other neighbors entered the home on Chapin street next morning they found Fred Cooper still alive. He was taken to a hospital, but was not expected to live. He at first insisted that he was suffering from only a cold and the measles. Then he said, "Mother did it."

Mrs. Cooper, who has been mentally unsound for more than a year, apparently had premeditated the wholesale killing. The night before she took all her children to the Alamo Theatre. She bargained with the girl ticket seller to admit the entire family for fifty cents. The girl said she would do so this time, but that it should not be considered as a precedent.

"You will never need to again," replied Mrs. Cooper, "because none of us will ever come here after this."

After the show she treated the children to candy and peanuts. Mrs. Cooper appeared especially cheerful. Then they went home, where Mrs. Cooper chloroformed the entire family after they had gone to sleep and then shot them and herself.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, Editor and Owner.
L. L. PARKER, Publisher.

THE ITEM WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

TROUGH CREEK.

A few nights ago dogs killed four sheep for John Taylor.

Temperance lecture in the M. E. church at Calvin June 23rd.

"Have you got your plants all out?" is the question of the day.

Mrs. Elizabeth Harbaugh is suffering with a paralytic stroke.

Miss Chloe Wright made a business trip to the county seat one day last week.

Mrs. Gertie Hamer, of Altoona, is visiting the scenes of her former home for a few days.

Scott Bumgardner, of Fulton county, was calling on his many friends in the valley recently.

Zelpha Mansbarger, of Johnstown, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Mansbarger.

The children's service at Calvin on the 14th was well attended. The program rendered was grand.

Wm. Pheasant, of Williamsburg, came to see his mother who is in a critical condition at this writing.

Mrs. Wayne Steel and Mrs. Mary J. Hooper, both of Huntingdon, are spending some time with friends in the valley.

Luther Speck, of Juniata township passed through our valley to join the Austraw reunion held at Knightsville on the 13th.

We learn with pleasure that a Sunday school has been organized at Pine Grove in the upper end of the valley. They have the talent to make it a success.

The festival of the M. P. church on the 13th was well patronized at Harmony, clearing the little sum of $18, proceeds to repaint the church.

Quarterly meeting service will be held in the Calvin M. E. church, June 27th and 28th. District Superintendent Dr. W. W. Evans will preach Saturday evening and Sunday morning.

LATTA GROVE.

Mr. James Monihen is still on the sick list.

Mrs. Mary Lynn and daughter, Rettie, of Beech Run, spent Sunday with G. D. Lynn.

Henry Stever, of Huntingdon, spent Saturday and Sunday with his sons, J. H. and Frank.

Several persons from this place attended the Austraw reunion at Knightsville on last Saturday.

Mrs. Jesse Stever and children and Mrs. Sadie Stever visited a few days in Huntingdon last week.

Ernest Hooper and Reed Wood, of Mapleton, attended Children's meeting at Bowman's Chapel on Sunday.

Mrs. Hettie Sipe and twin boys, of Burnham, are visiting at Mrs. Sipe's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Monihen.

Wesley Reed and wife, Benjamin Reed and wife and Charles Banks and wife, of Hill valley, were guests at M. A. Bowman's on Sunday.

G. B. Querry and family, and Pearl Querry, of Querrytown, and Mrs. Malvina Dell and son, J. F., were guests of Isaac Dell's on Sunday.

Michael Stever, Isaac Dell and wife, J. H. Dell and son, G. W. Taylor, Wesley Dell, I. N. Querry and G. D. Lynn took in the sights of the county seat on last Friday.

G. D. Lynn and son, Wilbur, have a large job of roofing in Smith valley for S. P. Pheasant. They have seventy-nine squares to put on and that means a good many drops of sweat.

Stomach trouble is a very common thing but you would not wonder if some of the people about Latta Grove had stomach trouble on Sunday if you had seen them eat ice cream on Saturday night when about forty of the neighbors gathered at the home of M. A. Bowman and held an ice cream and cake social. You should have seen them eat.

CALVIN.

The rain is bringing the corn.

A. G. Wright purchased a fine driving colt last week.

W. L. Swope has the best field of wheat that we have seen yet.

Horse shoe pitching every evening next week, rain or shine, at Calvin.

Mr. Watson Wright's, of Pine Grove, were Sunday visitors at W. P. Wright's.

Tom Saylor started last Monday for the Cove, where he will build his patent gates.

The Children's service that was held Sunday in the M. E. church was a grand success.

The Grangers of Calvin will hold a picnic in Glasgow Grove, near Calvin, on 20th inst.

Mrs. Madison Wright, of Calvin, spent a few days with her brother last week in Penn township.

The festival that was held at Harmony chapel was well attended and was considered a success.

J. O. Smith had another car load of corn shipped to Mapleton, and a great deal of it came to our valley.

Dorsey Shore passed through the village of Calvin Sunday evening. We think his destination was to P. A. Pheasant's.

BEECH RUN.

An abundant and early harvest is predicted.

Preaching at the Chapel Saturday evening next by Rev. McClain.

Elmer Foster and wife called on his brother, Harry, on Sunday last.

Harper Garman was a business caller at McConellstown Thursday last.

Mrs. Sallie Creswell, of Huntingdon, visited friends here the past week.

Ray Chilcote, of Smith valley, sojourned with friends here the past week,

W. H. Cramer and R. W. Quarry can boast of the heaviest wheat fields in this section.

Samuel Dell, of Yeagertown, visited the scenes of his boyhood days on Sabbath last.

The Ladies Aid held a successful meeting last week. They anticipate holding a festival in the near future.

'Squire Foster, of Smith valley, was hereaways last week attending to official duty. He bears the new title meekly.

Harry Dell accompanied Misses Ethel Bumgardner, Estella and Dessa Dell to Childrens service at Bowman's on Sunday afternoon. He is becoming quite a sport.

$5.00 will buy 100 lbs Granulated Sugar at Huston's at Saltillo if $7.00 worth of goods are bought at the same time, flour, feed and fertilizer excepted.

Grangers' Picnic at Calvin.

A basket picnic under the aunspices of Calvin Grange No. 1210, P. of H., will be held on Glasgow's hill near Calvin, Saturday, June 20th, 1908. The program follows:

Organ voluntary, Lola Swope; music; prayer by Rev. McClain; music, "All Hail the Power of Jesus Name;" address of Welcome, W. A. Crotsley, response by R. P. Smith; music; address by Rev. McClain; music; recitation by Millie Bowman; music, "The Farmer Feeds Them All," by Grange members. Dinner.

Music; recitation, Grace Crotsley; music; recitation, Doris Glasgow; male quartette; address, Hon. W. F. Hill; music; address, Rev. Reeser; music; closing address, J. W. Chilcote.

Everybody cordially invited to be present and spend a day of pleasure. Let all come. By order of Committee.

MARRIED.

LAMBERSON—CUTSHALL—At Everett, June 4, 1908, Prof. B. C. Lamberson, superintendent of schools of Fulton county, and Miss Effie V. Cutshall, of Hustontown.

APPLEBY—THOMPSON — June 3, 1908, by the Rev. George Woomer, U. E. Appleby, of Mt. Union, and Miss Dora M. Thompson, of Altoona.

MYERS—KURTZ—June 4, 1908, by the Rev. D. E. Master, Samuel D. Myers and Miss Leona B. Kurtz, both of Shirleysburg.

REPLOGLE—GARVER—On June 2 1908, by the Rev. W. S. Long, Gaius M. Replogle, of Warriorsmark, and Miss Laura M. Garver, of Altoona.

CAMPBELL — WALKFR. — Ross Campbell and Zeola Walker, of Shirleysburg, were married at the home of the bride on Wednesday evening, June 10th,

BARD—HUNT.—Amos B. Bard and Louise R. Hunt, both of Mount Union, were united in marriage on June 10, by M. Hiney, Esq.

Nature has provided the stomach with certain natural fluids known as the digestive juices, and it is through these juices that the food we eat is acted upon in such a way as to produce the rich, red blood that flows through the veins of our body and thereby makes us strong, healthy and robust, and it is the weakening of these digestive juices that destroys health. It is our own fault if we destroy our own health, and yet it is so easy for any one to put the stomach out of order. When you need to take something take it promptly, but take something you know is reliable—something like Kodol for Dyspepsia and Indigestion. Kodol is pleasant to take, it is reliable and is guaranteed to give relief. It is sold by G. W. Wright.

STATEMENT of the financial condition of Mapleton Borough School District for the year ending June 1, 1908.

Account of John A Toomey, collector of school tax.

DR

To amount of Duplicate	$1064,63
" 5 per cent added on $205.25	10.25

CR

By exonerations		11 00
" 5 per cent. off $798.35 for prompt payment		39 91
" 3 per cent. for collecting $798 35		23 95
" 5 per cent. for collecting $50.25		2 51
" 5 per cent. for collecting 205.03		10 25
" Treasurer's receipts		987 26
	$1074 88	$1074 88

Account of A. W Swope, Treasurer of school fund

DR

To Balance in Treasurer's hands	$270.27
" State Appropriation	$585.56
" Amount from Collector	$987.26
Amount due Treasurer	$16.19

CR

By vouchers	$1822 83	
" 2 per cent. as Treasurer	36 45	
	1859 28	1859 28
By balance Cr.		16.19

We the undersigned auditors of Mapleton Borough being duly sworn according to law do certify that we have audited the accounts of the Collector and Treasurer of Mapleton Borough School District for the year ending June 1, 1908, and find same as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals the 5th day of June A D, 1908

EDWARD McCARL,
EDWARD FOSTER,
J MELVIN MILLER.
Auditors

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

(Estate of G. Dorsey Wood, deceased.)

Letters of Administration upon the estate of G. Dorsey Wood, late of Mapleton Borough, Huntingdon County, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned administratrix, by the Register of said County, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are required to make prompt payment, and persons having claims against the same will present them duly probated to

HATTIE WOOD,
Administratrix,
Mapleton Depot, Pa.

W. M. Henderson, Attorney,
May 2, 1908. 6t

FOURTH OF JULY
Suits for Men, Young Men and BOYS

Are You Ready for Independence Day, or Do You Need a New Suit, New Hat, Pair of New Shoes or any Kind of Wearing Apparel?

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

The popularity of the Clothing Department of this store is growing day by day. A record of ten suits in a single day is no uncommon thing with us but when a store saves its trade $2.00 on a low priced suit and as much as $5.00 to $6.00 on a better suit it is easily understood why we are selling the majority of Clothing sold in this community. If you want a suit that will wear and keep its shape come to us.

Boy's knee pants suits.....$1.35 to $4.50
Young mens' suits.....$2.75 to $8.00
Mens' Nobby suits.....$3.50 to $15.00
Mens' blue serge suits, single and double breasted at $10.00 are big bargains and big sellers,

SNAPPY SHOES

Over three thousand pairs of shoes sold last year by this store, a shoe business in itself but we are not satisfied and 1908 must go ahead of this record.

Walkover shoes for men have no superior and in style, fit wear and comfort Walkover every other shoe.

You'll want a pair when you see them unless you don't want a real good shoe for dress use.

Many shoes are lower this season than last.

Boys' Satin Calf shoes.....$1.10 were $1.30
Boys Will Wear shoes.....$1.40 were $1.75
Mens' Buckle Plow shoes.....$1.25 were $1.50
Mens' Lace shoes.....$1.25 were $1.50
Mens' Never Fail shoes.....$1.25 per pair
Freed Brothers all leather shoes for work at $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 and $2.25 are the most satisfactory shoe made—price considered.

Our Worthmore blucher cut and bals for women were big sellers last season and should be more popular than ever since the price has been reduced to $1.30. Try one pair of these unless you want a better one at $1.75, $2.00 up to $3.00 per pair.

OXFORDS

Many people have been converted to the use of Oxfords for this style of footwear is growing more popular each season.

Little patent and tan oxfords for the wee baby, Patent leather oxfords for the little tot just walking, Plain leather, Tan and patent leather for the romping boy or proud little miss.

Tan, patent leather in front and side, lace, button and strap sandals for the young and middle aged lady and all that is desirable in boys and men's oxfords are found in our stock.

NOBBY HATS

Don't neglect your headgear.

What looks worse than an old hat looking down on a new suit and shoes,

Your wardrobe would not be complere without a brown or black Derby or soft hat in one of the new spring shapes. We have 'em

Belts, Suspenders, Sporty neckwear, fancy hose, negligee shirts and collars of the right kind are here.

SHALL WE SEE YOU HERE?

Harry E. Huston
SALTILLO, PA.

Central Banking Co
MOUNT UNION, PA.

T. H. ADAMS, President
W. T. BELL, Cashier

Discount Day—Wednesday

Stockholders Individually Liable.

UNION NATIONAL BANK
OF HUNTINGDON.
Cor. 5th and Penn Sts.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President
J. C. HAZLETT, Vice President.
R. J. MATTERN, Cashier

DIRECTORS.

K. A. Lovell, J. C. Hazlett, John White, R. J Mattern, Thomas E. Africa, John Langdon and J. F. Schock.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms B13z.

Subscribe for the Item, $1 per year

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., June 17, 1908.

Flies.

Mankind is learning rapidly which of the myriad kinds of living things are friends and which are enemies. Pests that ruin crops are zealously studied and fought by the farmer, but some pests that endanger human life are tolerated because their ravages are not visible to the unscientific eye.

It took brave experiment to discover that the mosquito is a deadly enemy of man, and a long campaign of education was neccessary to prove the fact to the public. The rat, being odious and a destroyer of property, was more easily proved to the public to be a disease-bearing scourge. The International Association for the Scientific Destruction Rats, founded in Denmark, is not a fantastic society, as is attested by the work in San Francisco and other citie against this creeping vehicle of bubonic plague.

The mosquito and the rat have "got to go." And so has the house-fly, which, far from being only a buzzing nuisance, causes thousands of deaths a year. During the Civil War it was found that flies carried gangrene. This early discovery has has been explained by the later knowledge-germs.

The fly is attracted to all kinds of filth; his feet are barbed bushes which pick up dirt; and his tracks across the food we eat is a path of pestilence when seen beneath the microscope. He is the "principal agent in the spread of typhoid." The increase of "summer complaints," intestinal diseases, is not due to hot weather,—the human body easily adjusts itself to mere temperature,—but largely to the increase of flies from May to August.

The tradition of the relation filth and disease is sound; and the clean housekeeper has always fought the flies with screens and fly-traps.

These old-fashioned defenses are still practical. In addation, the keeper of horses should screen his manure pile, and spray it with creosote or chloride of lime. To allow flies on food is to run risk of disease; to allow flies to breed in or visit poisonous mattea is to endanger one,s neighbors.

Of Interest to Woman.

THE PHILADELPHIA PRESS has a woman's page of unequaled value to the woman readers, written by woman about news in which women have a vital interest. Every woman should read this Great Home Newspaper. The subscription price by mail is $3.00 per year, or, if served by carrier, THE DAILY PRESS costs one cent each weekday and five cents a copy on Sunday. Handsome premiums are given to readers of THE PHILADELPHIA PRESS. Write for a catalogue.

Big cuts or little cuts, small scratches or bruises or big ones are healed quickly by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is especially good for piles. Be sure to get DeWitt's. Sold by G. W. Wright.

TRESPASS NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned under penalty of the law not to enter upon the premises of the undersigned in Clay township for the purpose of cutting or destroying trees or shrubbery, pilfering fruit or berries hunting, fishing or for any other purpose. Pasturing of horses or cattle on said lands is also forbidden.

MRS. MAUD H. GURD.

Clay Township,
June 15, 1908.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, June 29, 1903, trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTH			NORTH	
Expr's A M	Mail P M	STATIONS	Mail A M	F Line P M
8 35	5 56	Huntingdon	11 10	5 15
8 45	6 05	McConnellstown	11 00	5 05
8 50	6 09	Grafton	10 56	5 00
8 55	6 14	Brumbaugh	10 51	4 55
8 59	6 18	Marklesburg	10 47	4 51
9 06	6 25	Entrikin	10 40	4 44
9 11	6 30	Beaver	10 35	4 39
9 16	6 35	Cove	10 30	4 34
9 27	6 46	Saxton	10 20	4 23
9 31	6 50	Clark	10 15	4 18
9 39	6 58	Riddlesburg	10 08	4 11
9 44	7 02	Hopewell	10 04	4 07
9 56	7 10	Cypher	9 56	3 59
10 07	7 19	Tatesville	9 46	3 50
10 17	7 27	Everett	9 38	3 43
10 20	7 30	Mt. Dallas	9 35	3 40
10 43	7 50	Bedford	9 15	3 20
11 35	8 35	Hyndman	8 28	2 30
12 05	9 05	Cumberland	8 00	2 00

Sunday train leaves Huntingdon at 8.35 a. m and returning 5.30 p. m.

SHOUP'S BRANCH.

SOUTH		NORTH
Expr's A M	STATIONS	Expr's P M
9 35	Saxton	4 00
9 50	Coalmont	3 45
	Crawford	
10 05	Dudley	3 30

CARL M. GAGE, General Manager.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD and COAL CO. Time Table in effect February 3, 1908.

SOUTHWARD.	No. 8. A. M.	No. 2. A. M.	No. 6. A. M.	No. 4. P. M.
Mount Union . . Leave	. . .	10 00	11 25	4 35
Mount Union Yard	. . .	s 10 05	s 11 30	s 4 40
*Aughwick Mills	. . .	f 10 17	f 11 42	f 4 52
Shirley	. . .	s 10 30	s 11 55	s 5 05
Orbisonia . . . . Arrive	. . .	10 45	12 10	5 20
Orbisonia . . . . Leave	5 30	10 55	1 45	5 30
*Pogue	s 5 40	f 11 05	f 1 55	f 5 40
Three Springs	s 5 50	s 11 20	s 2 10	s 5 55
Saltillo	s 5 58	s 11 28	s 2 25	s 6 03
*Cole's	f 6 30	f 12 00	f 2 55	f 6 35
Rocky Ridge	f 6 37	f 12 07	f 3 02	f 6 42
Cook's	f 6 45	f 12 14	f 3 09	f 6 49
Robertsdale . . Arrive	7 00	12 25	3 20	7 00
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

NORTHWARD.	No. 1. A. M.	No. 5. A. M	No. 3. P. M.	No. 7. P. M.
Robertsdale . . . Leave	7 00	8 25	1 35	4 25
Cook's	f 7 10	f 8 35	f 1 45	f 4 35
Rocky Ridge	f 7 17	f 8 42	f 1 52	f 4 42
*Coles	f 7 22	f 8 47	f 1 57	f 4 47
Saltillo	s 7 50	f 9 15	s 2 25	s 5 13
Three Springs	s 7 58	f 9 23	s 2 33	s 5 21
*Pogue	f 8 10	† 9 35	f 2 45	s 5 40
Orbisonia	s 8 35	s 10 10	s 3 10	5 55
Shirley	s 8 50	s 10 30	s 3 25	. . .
*Aughwick	f 9 00	† 10 40	f 3 35	. . .
Mount Union Yard	s 9 15	s 10 55	s 3 50	. . .
Mount Union . . Arrive	9 20	11 00	3 55	. . .
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

SOUTHWARD			NORTHWARD	
Z 12 P M. 5	No. 10. A. M.	STATIONS.	No. 9. A. M.	No. 11. P. M.
f 5 25	7 35	Lv. Orbisonia. Ar	8 25	6 20
† 33	f 7 41	*Blacklog	f 8 19	f 6 13
5 41	f 7 48	*Cedar Rock	f 8 12	f 6 05
f 5 44	f 7 50	*Locke Valley	f 8 10	f 6 02
5 50	7 55	Ar Shade Gap Lv	8 05	5 55

Trains run daily except Sunday.

Trains will run on Rocky Ridge and Booher branches on special orders.

The Company reserves the right to vary from the above Time Table without notice.

*—No agent. s—Regular stop. f—Stop on signal. †—Trains will not stop.

R. S. SEIBERT, Pres't and Gen'l Manager. E. C. HALL, Superintendent.

DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are prompt and thorough and will in a very short time strengthen the weakened kidneys and allay troubles arising from inflammation of the bladder. They are recommended everywhere. Sold by G. W. Wright.

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Myron McClain,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER,

CASSVILLE, PA.

Caskets always in stock for Personal selection. Charges reasonable. Prompt, efficient service. Phone—Coles Valley, Eagle Foundry, People's and Saltillo lines.

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Blueprints and specifications. Jobbing promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms reasonable.

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All branches of the profession given careful attention. Telephone connection. 2-7-06

A. W. SWOPE

—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—

All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention.

Office on Main street.

W. H. WOODS. JAMES S. WOODS. Notary Public.

W. H. & J. S. WOODS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 327 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON PA

S. P. STUBBS,

—CARPET WEAVER.—

and dealer in all kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.

Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

MOUNT UNION, PA

Officers

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G. B. M. Kepler, Cashier

Directors:

A. B. Gillam, T. A. Appleby, C. B. Bush, M. D., Frank O'Connor, C. B. Crum, R. B. Campbell, W. G. Ewing, M. W. Isenberg, W. J. Campbell, M. D.

Household individual banks furnished on application.

A general banking business done.

Interest allowed on time deposits.

Drafts issued on the principal commercial cities.

Absolute safety of investment and courteous treatment of patrons are assured to the public, whose patronage is respectfully invited.

NOTICE—The place known as the Long property on Grant street, Mapleton, having been purchased by the undersigned, all persons are hereby notified to not enter upon the premises for any purpose whatever, under penalty of the law. MRS. KATHERINE WICKS.

May 25, 3t

WANTED—2,000 Cords Paper wood. I will pay the highest cash market price for all kinds of paper wood delivered on wharf at Mapleton also extract wood, Rock Oak and Chestnut. Prompt cash, payment as fast as wood is loaded, F. O. B. cars here. For furteer nformation, plerse writh me.

B. F. Baker.

Mapleton Depot, April 15, 1907. 4t

WM. REED & SONS, HUNTINGDON, PA.

STORE WILL BE OPEN EVENINGS.

Our Big Stock Reduction Sale Begins

Tuesday, June 16,

and Lasts Two Weeks, Until July 1st,

Everything in the Store Will be Sold at Reduced Prices.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY FOR FUTURE USE.

THIS WILL BE THE BIGGEST SALE WE HAVE EVER HAD.

COME OFTEN AND TELL YOUR FRIENDS ABOUT IT.

Wm. Reed & Sons,
Huntingdon, Pa.

L. W. ZERBY, Jeweler,

SOLID GOLD RINGS.

Penn St., HUNTINGDON, PA.

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W. C. WILSON, D. D. S.,

hone 102. Akers Building

503 Washington St., Huntingdon, Pa.

Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction, NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LOCAL ANÆSTHETICS administered.

Telephone connection 8-1-00-tf

Pocket Ledgers 5c to 25c each at the Item Stationery Department

Wall Paper

Just received first shipment of Wall Paper ranging in price from 5 to 15 cts.

Also have samples from one of the largest Wall Paper houses in America.

Here you have over 1000 samples to select from.

A. M. PARKER,

Cor. Main and Sherman Sts., MAPLETON, PA.

Kodol

FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.
RELIEVES SOUR STOMACH, BELCHING, ETC.

Guaranteed
To Give Satisfaction or Your Money Back.

If, after using two-thirds of a $1.00 bottle of Kodol, you can honestly say it has not benefited you, we will refund your money. Try Kodol today, on this guarantee. Fill out and sign the following, present it to the dealer at the time of purchase. If it fails to satisfy you, return the bottle containing one-third of the medicine to the dealer from whom you bought it, and we will refund your money.

Town _____ State _____

Sign here _____

CUT THIS OUT

E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

SOLD BY WRIGHT & DELL.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

JUNE ON THE GREAT LAKES.

Restful, delightful, interesting, and instructive, there is no trip like that on the Great Lakes, those inland seas which form the border line between the United States and Canada. And June is one of the most charming months in the year in which to take the trip.

For comfort the fine passenger steamships of the Anchor Line have no superiors. As well-appointed as the palatial ocean greyhounds which plow the Atlantic, their schedule allows sufficient time at all stopping places to enable the traveler to see something of the great lake cities and to view in daylight the most distinctive sights of the lakes, and the scenery which frames them.

The trip through the Detroit River, and through Lake St. Clair, with its great ship canal in the middle of the lake, thence through Lake Huron, the locking of the steamer through the great locks as the Soo, and the passage of the Portage Entry, lake and canal, across the upper end of Michigan are novel and interesting features.

The voyage from Buffalo to Duluth covers over eleven hundred miles in the five days' journey. Leaving Buffalo, lhe steamships Juniata and Tionesta, make stops at Erie, Cleveland, Detroit, Mackinac Island, the Soo, Marquette, Houghton and Hancock, and Duluth.

In 1908 season opens on June 16, when the steamer Tionesta will make her first sailing from Buffalo.

The Anchor Line is the Great Lake Annex of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and the service measures up to the high standard set by the "Standard Railroad of America."

An illustrated folder, giving sailing dates of steamers, rates of fare, and other information is in course of preperation, and may be obtained when ready from any Pennsylvania Railroad Ticket Agent, who is also prepared to book passengers who may desire to take this trip through the Great Lakes and back.

THE CHOICEST CIGARS AND TOBACCO

On the market are the kinds from which our stock is selected. The following 5-cent brands speak for themselves: Dundreary, Buck, Square Deal, Wild Indian and Happy Sam. The well-known "El Galleo" brands of 10c. and 25c. cigars in stock. Popular and select brands of chewing and smoking tobacco. For pipe or cigarrette smoke Continental Cubes, Tuxedo and Old English Curve Cut.

McCorkle's — Pool — Parlor

Basement Floor, S. E. Corner Wright Building - - Mapleton, Penna.

BREWERS SCHEME TO STOP WAVE OF PROHIBITION

Meet in Milwaukee and Decide to Work For "Clean Saloons."

WILL KEEP OUT OF POLITICS

Prohibitionists Send Sarcastic Message of Condolence to Liquor Men —Dr. Darlington Says Alcohol Causes Heart Disease.

Milwaukee, Wis.—In view of the recent activities of the Prohibitionists, the recent outlawing of the traffic in spiritous liquors in several Southern States, and the serious injury to it in nearly every quarter of the country, the convention of the United States Brewers' Association, which met here, is regarded as the most important ever held by the organization. The brewers, in executive session, formulated plans to meet and stem the tidal wave of prohibition. The attack on the anti-saloon forces will be in the main educational, but will also include efforts at regulation of the saloons by statute, with the idea of taking them out of politics, thereby elevating them so that the liquor traffic will be recognized as a legitimate, respectable business, and not as something outside of social and ethical recognition.

The keynote of the movement, characterized as one to overset intolerance and bigotry and to correct misreprentation, was embodied in the address made by Julius Liebmann, president of the association. The situation was also set forth in a report of the Board of Trustees of the association.

Mr. Liebmann said: "It is of the utmost importance that the saloonkeeper should respect the laws, but the constant injustice meted out to him under the guise of laws is a force which tends to undermine this respect.

"The problem of the saloon is one of regulation by statutory authority; of administration by the trade. From either standpoint it is a complex problem which cannot be settled in the offhand fashion that seems so easy to superficial observers.

"The regulation of the saloon has been needlessly complicated by experimental legislation, party politics, police corruption and inefficiency. Fixed and arbitrary limitations imposed on communities by the State without regard to local conditions, have only increased the difficulty.

"To keep the saloon out of politics it must first be taken out of politics; and the best way to keep it in politics is to provide by local option laws for the constant agitation of the license question, with the element of harassing uncertainty which this involves. In recent years the saloon has been growing to be less and less a political factor. To-day it threatens to become the biggest political issue in our history."

—

Prohibitionists Send Condolences to the Brewers.

Minneapolis, Minn.—One of the first acts of the Minnesota Prohibition Convention, assembled here, was to send this message to the National Convention of Brewers, in session at Milwaukee:

"The Prohibition State Convention of Minnesota, now in session, sends condolences to your association. Your business is doomed, as your outposts are now carried and the prohibition army is about to move against your main body. The Church and society have now declared and the State will soon say, 'the saloons must go.'

"E. E. LOBECK, Chairman."

—

Milwaukee's Mayor Sounds Keynote of Anti-Prohibition Fight.

Milwaukee, Wis.—This city, noted as the beer city of the Nation, has thrown down the gauntlet in the 1908 battle of the brewers against prohibition. The preliminary rallying cry of the United States Brewers' Association has been, "Let us clean house; down with the immoral saloon!" and Milwaukee has led off by blacklisting forty-five places where beer is sold, and her municipal authorities will see that these forty-five licenses are revoked.

Mayor David S. Rose and his Chief of Police made this list public. The Mayor has led off the 1908 battle with a municipal object lesson, pointing out that the clean brewer will not stand for the unclean saloon.

—

Stop Drinking Alcohol, Says Dr. Darlington, Health Commissioner.

Boston.—"The people of this country are drinking too much alcohol by far."

So Dr. Thomas Darlington, Health Commissioner of New York, told physicians from all over the country at the twenty-seventh annual meeting of the American Climatological Association. Dr. Darlington read a paper on "The Cause of Mortality From Heart Disease in the United States."

"We need rugged constitutions, indeed, to hold us up in the pace we are traveling," said the Health Commissioner. He declared that while the general death rate is decreasing, mortality from heart disease and its correlated condition, chronic Bright's disease, is increasing steadily throughout the country. For it Dr. Darlington blamed alcohol largely.

THE TEMPTATION.

—Week's cleverest cartoon, by C. R. Macauley, in the New York World.

A TEAM OF WORLD BEATERS CHOSEN TO REPRESENT THE UNITED STATES IN THE OLYMPIC GAMES

By Far the Greatest Aggregation Ever Sent Abroad Will Uphold the Stars and Stripes in London---Expenses of the Big Athletic Trip Will Be $30,000.

New York City.—The team of American athletes that will represent the Stars and Stripes in the Olympic games at London, England, next month, was selected at a joint conclave of the executive and selection committees of the American Olympic Committees. The session took place at the Astor House and all day long those in authority discussed the abilities at home and chances abroad of each available candidate. After a long list of performers at three different tryouts and two intercollegiate championships had been sifted and culled the fine string of 76 men was agreed upon.

It is by far the biggest team ever mustered in America for a fixture in foreign lands. The men represent all walks of American life—college men and athletic club men and hail from all quarters, the North, South, East and West of the United States. The competitive grounds which the team will cover includes events at track and field sports, aquatics and wrestling—making about thirty distinct contests in all. All of these will be held inside the huge stadium at Shepherd's Bush.

It was decided that a white athletic dress shall be worn by each competitor, the outer seam of the trousers to have a red, white and blue stripe and the chest of the shirt or jersey to be adorned by a national shield of the United States. Each athlete shall wear a blue cap, with a shield on the peak.

The team is to sail on the American liner Philadelphia, arriving on the scene of action about ten days before the opening of the games. To finance the trip will mean an expenditure of about $30,000, and though all of this has not been collected the American committee hopes to have that sum at its disposal when the team heads for Sandy Hook. It will cost $325 to send each of the men to London.

Every man of the select seventy-six is trained to the hour and will be kept in perfect condition until the team sails away. The fifty-eight substitutes, many of whom just fell short of the charmed circle, are not to be slighted in the calculations, and a glance at the following complete roster makes it certain that the honor of Old Glory is in safe keeping:

AMERICAN ATHLETES OFFICIALLY ENTERED IN OLYMPIC EVENTS IN LONDON.

The Team Selection Committee having in charge the American arrangements for the Olympic games to be held in London next month completed the task of assigning the seventy-six athletes chosen to the various events. Following is a list of the entries cabled to London:

100 Metres—Cartmell, Hamilton, Huff, Kiralfy, May, Cloughan, Rector, Robertson, D. R. Sherman, Smithson, Stevens, Whitham.

200 Metres—Atlee, Cartmell, Hamilton, Huff, Kiralfy, Mason, May, Rector, Robertson, D. R. Sherman, Whitham, Cloughan.

400 Metres—Atlee, Carpenter, Cartmell, De Selding, Hillman, Mason, Merriam, Pilgrim, Prout, Ramey, W. C. Robbins, Taylor.

800 Metres—Beard, Bromilow, H. L. Coe, French, Halsted, Jones, Lightbody, J. C. Miller, Pilgrim, Ramey, Sheehan, Sheppard.

1500 Metres—Blankenagel, H. L. Coe, Dull, Halsted, Heyns, Jones, Lightbody, Riley, Rowe, Sheppard, Sullivan, Trube.

110-Metre Hurdle—Cooke, Garrels, Hartranft, Howe, Natwick, Patterson, Rand, D. R. Robbins, Shaw, Smithson.

400-Metre Hurdle—Bacon, Bromilow, H. L. Coe, French, Halsted, Hamilton, Hartranft, Hillman, Howe, Lightbody, Merriam, Sheppard.

Steeplechase—Bonhag, E. P. Carr, Dull, Eisele, Halsted, Hall, Jones, Lightbody, Rowe, Spitzer, Trube, H. C. Young.

Five-Mile Run—Bonhag, Armour, Bellars, E. P. Carr, R. J. Carr, Cohn, Dull, Eisele, Hall, Rowe, Trube, H. C. Young.

Ten-Mile Walk—Bonhag.

Marathon Race—Forshaw, Hatch, Hayes, Lee, Lorz, Morrisey, O'Mara, Ryan, Thibeau, Tewanina, Welton, Wood.

Standing Broad Jump—Adams, Billar, Brennan, Ewry, Holmes, Irons, Muenz, Robertson, Schommer, Sheridan.

Standing High Jump—Same entries as Standing Broad.

Running Broad Jump—Adams, Bellah, Brennan, Cooke, Irons, Kelly, Mahoney, Mt. Pleasant, O'Connell, D. R. Sherman, Stephenson, F. Young.

Running High Jump—Brennan, Gidney, Irons, Mahoney, H. Miller, Moffitt, Patterson, Porter, Schommer, Stephenson.

Hop, Step and Jump—Adams, Bellah, Brennan, Cooke, Irons, Mt. Pleasant, O'Connell, Schommer, Sheridan, D. R. Sherman, Stephenson, F. Young.

Pole Jump—Allen, Bellah, Campbell, Cooke, Dray, Gilbert, Haggard, Jackson, Jacobs, Mercer, Nelson, Parker.

Hammer—Burroughs, Flanagan, Gillis, Horr, McGrath, Rose, B. E. Sherman, Talbot.

Weight—Burroughs, W. W. Coe, Jr., Flanagan, Garrels, Gillis, Horr, Krueger, Rose, Schommer, Sheridan, Stephenson, Talbot.

Three-Mile Team—Armour, Bellars, Bonhag, E. P. Carr, R. J. Carr, Cohn, Dull, Eisele, Hall, Rowe, Trube, H. C. Young.

3500-Metre Walk—Bonhag.

1600-Metre Team Race—Cartmell, Huff, Taylor, Sheppard.

(Reserve—Hamilton, Whitham, Merriam, Halsted.)

Discus, both styles—Adams, Burroughs, Dearborn, Flanagan, Garrels, Giffin, Gillis, Horr, McGrath, Rose, Sheridan, Talbot.

Javelin, both styles—Adams, Burroughs, Dearborn, Flanagan, Garrels, Gillis, McGrath, Rose, Schommer, D. E. Sherman, Sheridan, Talbot.

Wrestling—Bantam, Mehnert; feather, Dole; light, Krug; middle, Craige, Gerig, Narganes; heavy, Talbot.

Swimming—Daniels, Goodwin, Foster, Hebner, Rich and Trubenbach in the 100-metre, 400-metre and team race.

1500 Metres—Green.

Breast and Back Stroke Swims—Goessling and Gosnell.

High and Fancy Diving—Gaidzik, Grote, Borneman.

Bicycle—Cameron, Hurley, Van Den Dries and Weintz in all cycling events, including pursuit race and tandem bicycle.

Tug of War—Burroughs, Dearborn, Flanagan, Gillis, McGrath, Rose, Sheridan, Talbot.

(Reserves—W. W. Coe, Garrels, Giffin, Horr, C. C. Sherman, J. Krueger.)

ARE BANK CLERKS UNDERPAID?

New York City.—The question as to whether the great banks pay their clerks sufficient salaries has been discussed with the keenest interest in connection with the suicide of Charles T. Muir, the paying teller of an uptown branch of the Corn Exchange Bank. Muir was receiving a salary of only $1500 a year after twenty years' service, and killed himself because he feared his employers would discover that he had stolen $9068 at various times in order, as alleged, to pay living expenses and doctors' bills. He had just been promoted to the position, and had been promised increased pay later Some of the banks are likely to advance the salaries of their clerks as a result of the admission by many bank officers that the men as a class are much underpaid.

DEAD OF REAL HYDROPHOBIA

Capt. Rabe Was Bitten by Stray Cur Five Months Ago.

Commander of Quarantine Tug, New York Harbor, Expired Ignorant of Nature of His Ailment.

New York City.—Captain Edward Rabe, thirty-one years old, commander of the Quarantine tug James W. Wadsworth, died in the Smith Infirmary, Staten Island, the surgeons declare, of genuine hydrophobia. This conclusion was reached not only because of the characteristic symptoms, but because the patient was absolutely ignorant of the nature of the ailment with which he was afflicted.

The fatal termination could not have been hastened either by fright or by auto-suggestion — causes that were advanced in the case of William Marsh, the wealthy Brooklyn inventor, who was informed that he was a victim of rabies and that death was inevitable.

Captain Rabe believed himself to be suffering from rheumatism and had forgotten apparently the bite of a dog five months ago. He never referred to it during his illness and he was not undeceived as to what he believed his condition to be.

The case is believed to be unique in this particular aspect, and if the autopsy reveals the peculiar changes in the texture of the brain cells that indicate hydrophobia, physicians say the question will be settled definitely that canine madness is wholly physical and not the result of mental suggestion. Dr. Charles Pearson, chief of the hospital staff, was convinced two days before the captain's death that he had to deal with a case of rabies so far advanced that death was almost certain within twenty-four hours. In this prognosis his associates and an expert from Philadelphia agreed, but not the slightest intimation was given either to the sufferer or to his family, except to inform the wife that her husband was a very sick man.

Captain Rabe's legs began to swell, and he laughingly declared that he must be getting old and rheumatic. Liniments and hot cloths were applied, but the swelling was not reduced. Then the muscles of Captain Rabe's throat became rigid and he was unable to swallow. Later in the day he had a violent chill and his right side became numb. The symptoms were those of paralysis.

The progress of the malady was rapid after the patient was admitted to the hospital. He became delirious and exhibited the signs of rabies. The rigidity of the muscles of the throat became more pronounced. The hospital staff agreed that the case was beyond hope and that nothing could be done except to relieve the periods of delirious pain with opiates. Captain Rabe died finally of exhaustion.

Before confirming his diagnosis Dr. Pearson had made careful inquiry without exciting alarm and discovered that Rabe had been bitten by a stray dog, but that the wound was so trivial he did not have it cauterized. He found also that about the same time a dog had bitten a horse belonging to Dr. Doty. The horse died and its brain was sent to the laboratory of the Board of Health for examination. The report was that the horse had died of rabies. It is believed that the same dog that bit the man bit the horse.

RECEIVER FOR GOULD LINE.

Wheeling and Lake Erie in Court on Claims Aggregating $8,791,047.

Toledo, Ohio.—The Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad, one of the Gould lines, was put into the hands of a receiver by United States District Judge W. W. Tayler on claim aggregating $8,791,047 due the National Car Wheel Company, of New York.

The petition alleges the total indebtedness of the Wheeling to be upward of $28,000,000. B. A. Worthington, of Cleveland, vice-president and general manager of the Wheeling, was appointed receiver for the road.

It is said that the troubles of the Wheeling and Lake Erie Road had their foundation in the building of the Pittsburg and Wabash terminals. This work was started under President Ramsey, who believed he would put the work through for $16,000,000, but which has already run up to over $40,000,000, with the work still uncompleted.

Other matters which are said to have rushed the matter of a receivership are a note of a million dollars due in August and an eight-imlliondollar mortgage which falls due within a few months with no funds available to meet them.

SHOOTS SLAYER OF HER FATHER

Girl Wife Fires on Him in Street at Tunica, Miss.

Tunica, Miss.—Avenging her father, after waiting vainly for her husband or his relatives to do so, Mrs. Jacob Weinstein, nineteen years old, wife of one of the wealthiest men in the State, shot J. T. Lowe, a leading lawyer, as she passed him in the street, wounding him fatally. She shot him through the back at point-blank range, the bullet passing out of his chest and carrying with it a diamond stud. Lowe on March 31, in a street duel, killed Mrs. Weinstein's father, Perry M. Houston.

That tragedy was the result of a fight over Houston's election as secretary of the Yazoo Levee Board.

The General Demand

of the Well-Informed of the World has always been for a simple, pleasant and efficient liquid laxative remedy of known value; a laxative which physicians could sanction for family use because its component parts are known to them to be wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, acceptable to the system and gentle, yet prompt, in action.

In supplying that demand with its excellent combination of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, the California Fig Syrup Co. proceeds along ethical lines and relies on the merits of the laxative for its remarkable success.

That is one of many reasons why Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is given the preference by the Well-Informed. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.

Paxtine

TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from unhealthy germ-life and disagreeable odors, which water, soap and tooth preparations alone cannot do. A germicidal, disinfecting and deodorizing toilet requisite of exceptional excellence and economy. Invaluable for inflamed eyes, throat and nasal and uterine catarrh. At drug and toilet stores, 50 cents, or by mail postpaid.

Large Trial Sample

WITH "HEALTH AND BEAUTY" BOOK SENT FREE

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

Insulting the Stomach.

Roving round the druggists' exhibition with an appreciative eye on the specifics shown for dyspepsia was a brown-beared Scotsman—a consulting chemist well known in scientific circles. He is a recognized authority on indigestion, and well he may be. He is never happier than when he has indigestion in an acute form, for, suppressing his anguish, he vivisects his own symptoms and draws therefrom stores of invaluable experiences. For the last fifteen years he has been eating weird food compounds with the sole idea of inducing indigestion. After partaking of these he sits down and watches for the first "symptoms of discomfort," as he expresses it.

Here are a few examples of "indigestion inducers" and the approximate period before the discomfort manifests itself: Tea and bread, two and a half to three hours; tea and steak, two and a half hours; red wine and potatoes, ninety minutes; oysters and whisky, eighty minutes; jelly and purple grapes, sixty minutes; milk and lemonade, fifty minutes.—London Daily Mail.

Gone to Enjoy His Fortune.

One of our champagne magnates, just returned from France, where he spent a month in the wine growing district, entertained some friends at the Railroad Club yesterday afternoon. "In an old cemetery at Rheims," he said, "I saw some of the quaintest tombstones you ever dreamed of. On one was this epitaph: 'Here lieth the body of Etella. He transported his fortune to heaven in charity during his life! He is gone there to enjoy it.' "—New York Press.

Seventy Times Seven.

From a Paris paper we take the following conversation in a police court:

The President—"It appears from your record that you have been thirty-seven times previously convicted."

The Prisoner (sententiously)—"Man is not perfect."—Home Herald

ONE WOMAN'S ENDURANCE.

Southern Woman Suffers Tortures For Years.

Racked and torn with terrific pains, nightly annoyed by kidney irregularities, Mrs. A. S. Payne, of 801 Third Ave., So., Columbus, Miss., suffered for years. She says: "The pains in my back, sides and loins were so terrible that I often smothered a scream. Every move meant agony. My rest was broken by a troublesome weakness and the secretions seemed to burn like acid. I was in an awful condition and doctors did not seem to help. Doan's Kidney Pills benefited me from the first and soon made me a strong and healthy woman."

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

LATEST NEWS

BY WIRE.

No Johnson Third Term.

St. Paul, Minn.—Governor Johnson in a written statement says he will not be a candidate for remonination for Governor of Minnesota for a third term.

Chained Train to Track.

Jacksonville, Fla. — Chaining a passenger train of the Valdosta Southern Railroad to the track and standing guard over it with a shotgun, Deputy Sheriff I. C. Hunter, of Ponetta, Fla., delayed the mails, according to an indictment returned by the Federal Grand Jury.

Half Breed Accused of Arson.

Tilsonburg, Ontario. — Following the fire at the Queen's Hotel here, in which three lives were lost, Chester Buckerrough, a blacksmith, has been arrested. Buckerrough had been refused liquor at the hotel on the ground that he was a half breed, and, it is alleged, that he threatened vengeance.

No Marine Band Summer Tour.

Washington, D. C.—The United States Marine Band will be prevented from making its customary summer tour under an opinion rendered by the Solicitor of the Navy Department.

Kentucky For Bryan.

Lexington, Ky.—The Democratic State Convention instructed the delegates to vote as a unit at Denver for William J. Bryan.

Kittredge Beaten by 2710.

Sioux Falls, S. D.—Late returns from Tuesday's primaries give Governor Crawford, "Insurgent" candidate for the United States Senate, a majority of 2710 over Senator Kittredge.

Charles T. Dunwell Dead.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Charles T. Dunwell, Representative in Congress from the Third District, Brooklyn, died at his home here of Bright's disease. He had been ill a year. Mr. Dunwell was fifty-six years of age.

Gore Operation Put Off.

Washington, D. C.—Senator Gore has received word from Oklahoma that M. L. Turner, who was an aspirant for the Senate when Gore and Owen were elected, will make a fight for Senator Gore's seat. The blind Senator will give up his treatment at the hospital here, where he is trying to recover his sight, and go home to fight.

100 Guns in Court.

Houston, Texas. — Almost 100 pistols were taken from spectators and witnesses before they entered court for the trial of R. O. Kenly on a charge of killing for County Attorney H. S. Robb.

More Fruit Than Ever.

Washington, D. C.—Fruit of almost every kind promises to be more plentiful this year than in any season of which the Department of Agriculture has kept record. Luscious apples,, juicy pears, glistening blackberries,, succulent cantaloupes and watermelons will be better and sweeter than ever this year.

BY CABLE.

Earth Swallows Village.

Shanghai, China.—An extraordinary fissure has opened in the side of the mountain Machuanshan, near Ichang. The opening is several miles long and hundreds of families and houses have been swallowed up.

Warship to Outclass All.

London.—The Admiralty, having eclipsed the Dreadnought class of battleships by the St. Vincent, will start in September to eclipse the latter, laying down at Portsmouth a new leviathan with heavier armament and greater displacement.

Japan Welcomes Foreign Trade.

Tokio.—Baron Ishii, in his first speech in his new capacity as Vice Foreign Minister, addressing a joint meeting of the Chamber of Commerce in session in Tokio, warned the Chambers to avoid antagonizing foreign trade.

French Traitor Degraded.

Paris.—A dramatic scene in naval circles, paralleling the degradation of Major Alfred Dreyfus, took place when Ensign Benjamin Ullmo, convicted of attempting to sell stolen naval documents, was publicly degraded.

To Increase Brazil's Navy.

Rio Janeiro.—The Budget Committee of the Chamber approved the army and navy program for 1909, recommending a further increase in the navy.

Fever at Santiago de Cuba.

Havana, Cuba.—A case of yellow fever is reported from Santiago de Cuba. The patient, a Spaniard, is fourteen years old.

Fever in British Guiana.

St. Thomas, Danish West Indies. —It is reported that several cases of yellow fever have occurred in the county of Esquibo, British Guiana.

BETS AT RACES STOPPED IN NEW YORK STATE

New Law Makes Wagers on the Tracks a Felony.

KEENE SAYS SPORT IS DEAD

Governor Hughes Won After a Long Contest to Force the Legislature at Albany to Suppress Horse Race Gambling.

Albany, N. Y.—The most sensational legislative battle that the Empire State has known in a generation came to an end when the Agnew-Hart anti-race-track betting bills were passed, by a vote of 26 to 25, in the Senate. By the immediate signature of the Executive the bills were made statutes of the State, and the placing of a bet upon a horse race a felony.

The new laws will have a tremendous effect upon the sport of racing. Most racing men say that "the jig is up" and the sport dead; others are less pessimistic and believe that the race tracks can continue without betting rings, though none of them is sanguine enough to predict that the halcyon days of big purses and great crowds will ever be known again.

James R. Keene has calculated that the new laws will practically destroy racing property in this State to the amount of $80,000,000, and will cause an annual loss to New York City of something like $30,000,000. Supporters of the bills hold that these figures are exaggerated.

The new laws resulted from a campaign conducted by Governor Charles E. Hughes, and the fact of his final victory was made possible by the dogged determination and heroism of Senator Otto Foelker, of Brooklyn, who, repelling the advice of his physician, rose from a bed of sickness, came to Albany, staggered into the Senate chamber a few minutes before the bills came up for passage, and, his voice husky and quivering, voted for the bills. His action, at the risk of his life, saved the day, for the bills passed the Senate by a majority of one. His work done, he almost collapsed, and supported by his physician and his pastor, he immediately left the Capitol.

Governor Hughes said when informed of the passage of the bills:

"I am deeply gratified at this result. It is a victory for law and order, the importance of which cannot be overestimated."

Referring to Senator Foelker, who left his sick bed to cast his vote for the bills, the Governor said:

"The act of Senator Foelker in coming to the Senate in his weak condition was most heroic and worthy of the same praise that we give to distinguished service on the battlefield."

Thunderbolt For Racing Men.

New York City.—The news that the anti-race-track gambling bills had passed the Senate and were signed by Governor Hughes to make them law, was received with consternation by the followers of horse racing in the metropolitan district.

James B. Haggin said he thought that the death knell of horse racing in this State had been sounded. "I think the bill will kill horse racing in New York State," he said, "and I am surprised at its passage. I don't see how purses can now be paid."

Kills a County Fair.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—The passage of anti-betting bills, particularly the repeal of the Percy Gray bill, under which agricultural societies received large revenues from the State, will make it impracticable to hold the Dutchess County Fair this year. The Executive Committee of the Fair Association, which is one of the oldest and largest in the State, has practically decided to abandon the fair.

Meets to Be Held, Says Belmont.

London, England.—When seen on the subject of the anti-gambling bills passed in the New York Legislature, August Belmont, chairman of the Jockey Club, said:

"I cannot say what the various racing associations will do eventually. The associations, however, have racing features to run off this season, which constitute sporting obligations, and they will undoubtedly live up to them. No one can well predict whether or not the prohibition of betting at races will ruin horse racing irretrievably, but it is a severe blow to the best interests of the turf in any event. It will ultimately throw many men out of employment and cripple the breeding and improvement of thoroughbred horses in the United States."

A Hard Blow in Kentucky.

Louisville, Ky. — Kentucky probably will suffer to a greater extent by the passage of the race track bills in New York than will New York. Many wealthy Easterners own large farms and operate breeding plants in the Blue Grass region.

Millions of dollars are invested in these plants and a small army of men is employed. The thoroughbreds raised on the places of these Eastern capitalists are culled over each year and the best of them retained and raced exclusively on the tracks near the metporolis.

The operation of the law passed in New York probably will mean the closing of these breeding establishments, throwing out of employment more than 5000 laborers and the loss of many millions each year to the Blue Grass region.

FEMININE NEWS NOTES.

Hetty Green is discovered to be a woman after all.

The clubwomen of Boston are proclaiming the fact that women are no more impulsive than men.

F. Zimmerman, father of the Duchess of Manhester, denies that his daughter is addicted to Socialism.

Jeanne Lolee, an advocate of woman's suffrage, contested one of the wards in Paris and was defeated.

The Countess of Warwick as a Socialist speaker in America next autumn is the latest announcement extraordinary.

The title of Marchioness has been conferred by Pope Pius X. on Mrs. Hugh McLaughlin, widow of the Democratic leader of Brooklyn.

Fred A. Busse, Mayor of Chicago, and Miss Josephine Lee were married secretly on April 29, have since lived apart, but will go to housekeeping.

Wilbur C. Philips told the Rainy Daisies that most American mothers can't nurse their children, and that if we want good mothers we must import them.

The only woman in the world who bears the impressive title "dean of deans" is Miss Laura C. Carnell, who is a leader in the executive and educational work of Temple University, in Philadelphia.

Mrs. John A. Drake, of New York City, found certificates of stock in a Montana gold mine valued now at $2,000,000, but which Mr. Drake would have sold for $600,000 when he lost them months before.

It is related that in passing through her husband's library recently the attention of the Empress of Japan was attracted by a peculiar-looking machine. On learning that it was a typewriter and having it explained to her, she became interested and began to hit the keys. Now it is said she does a good deal of correspondence for the Emperor.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Johnny Hummell is the only Brooklyn man batting up to form.

The Boston Americans have picked up a sensational fielder in third baseman Lord.

Second baseman Billy Gilbert is playing good ball for the St. Louis Nationals now.

Umpire Hank O'Day says that St. Louis is a grand ball town and should have a winning team.

Addie Joss, the crack Cleveland pitcher, says that base runing is the biggest factor of all in a championship race.

Cleveland is negotiating an exchange of outfielder Harry Bay for catcher Ed. Heydon, of the Kansas City Club.

Bill Dahlen says the Boston Nationals will finish in the first division, and Bill is not one to make rash predictions.

With Ewing, Coakley, Campbell and Weimer working well, Cincinnati has no right to complain of a weak pitching staff.

Walter Manning, of the New York Americans, seems to have the right stuff in him to make a success of the big league pitching job.

Manager Chance says that the Pittsburg team always plays better against the Chicagos than against any other club in the league.

Manager John Ganzel is at least doing as well with the Reds as any other manager Cincinnati has had in recent years, and it looks as if he'd do better.

Hard Times Solve Servant Problem.

According to a report of the License Commissioner the hard times have solved the servant problem in New York City for the time being.

"TWO TOPERS."

A Teacher's Experience.

"My friends call me 'The Postum Preacher,'" writes a Minn. school teacher, "because I preach the gospel of Postum everywhere I go, and have been the means of liberating many 'coffee-pot slaves.'

"I don't care what they call me so long as I can help others to see what they lose by sticking to coffee, and can show them the way to steady nerves, clear brain and general good health by using Postum.

"While a school girl I drank coffee and had fits of trembling and went through a siege of nervous prostration, which took me three years to rally from.

"Mother coaxed me to use Postum, but I thought coffee would give me strength. So things went, and when I married I found my husband and I were both coffee topers and I can sympathize with a drunkard who tries to leave off his cups.

"At last in sheer desperation, I bought a package of Postum, followed directions about boiling it, served it with good cream, and asked my husband how he liked the coffee.

"We each drank three cups apiece, and what a satisfied feeling it left. Our conversion has lasted several years and will continue as long as we live, for it has made us new—nerves are steady, appetites good, sleep sound and refreshing."

"There's a Reason." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

INVALID'S SAD PLIGHT.

After Inflammatory Rheumatism, Hair Came Out, Skin Peeled, and Bed Sores Developed — Only Cuticura Proved Successful.

"About four years ago I had a very severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism. My skin peeled, and the high fever played havoc with my hair, which came out in bunches. I also had three large bed sores on my back. I did not gain very rapidly, and my appetite was very poor. I tried many 'sure cures' but they were of little help, and until I tried Cuticura Resolvent I had had no real relief. Then my complexion cleared and soon I felt better. The bed sores went very soon after a few applications of Cuticura Ointment, and when I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment for my hair, it began to regain its former glossy appearance. Mrs. Lavina J. Henderson, 138 Broad St., Stamford, Conn., March 6 and 12, 1907."

Our leading physician recommends Cuticura for eczema. Mrs. Algy Cockburn, Shiloh, O., June 11, 1907."

Can Plants Breathe?

Yes; respiration in plants is a scientifically established fact. All the parts of the plant breathe, and chemically this process differs in nothing from animal respiration. Until recent times it was supposed that the secretion of oxygen in the assimilation of carbonic acid was the only process of this kind taking place in plants. Today we know that plants, in the same way as animal organisms, assimilate oxygen and exhale a like volume of carbonic acid. By day, when assimilation and respiration proceed simultaneously, it is difficult to establish the process. By night, however, when assimilation is interrupted, the exhalation of carbonic acid become perceptible. An everyday proof of this phenomenon is furnished by the corruption of the air due to the presence of plants in sleeping rooms. The reason of this corruption of the air is only and solely the fact that breathing plants, even like human beings, exhale carbonic acid.—New York Tribune.

A Missouri Delicacy.

"Craw-w-w Dads? Craw Dads?
"Am a red hot. Craw Dads?"

The colored man was selling them as fast as he could hand them out, because the lovers of crawfish were hungry for them, as the six months' disappearance of them was certainly a long time. The yell is very familiar to the Kansas Cityan, but a stranger from little cities would say: "What in the world is that crazy man yelling about?" In fact, Kansas City is the only town in the central part of the United States that has crawdads sold on the street. In the seaboard cities crabs or lobsters are sold in little stores, but they are not sold on the streets ready for eating. The fish is found in all small streams of the Central States. There are many colored families in Kansas City that depend on the sales of crawdads in the summer for support.—Kansas City Journal.

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. H. R. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Goat herders in Mexico are paid $10 per month and rations worth about $7.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle

European Laborers on Canal.

The total number of laborers imported from Europe for work on the Panama Canal during 1906 and 1907 was 9914. N. Y.—25.

WOMAN'S BACKACHE

The back is the mainspring of woman's organism. It quickly calls attention to trouble by aching. It tells, with other symptoms, such as nervousness, headache, pains in the loins, weight in the lower part of the body, that a woman's feminine organism needs immediate attention.

In such cases the one sure remedy which speedily removes the cause, and restores the feminine organism to a healthy, normal condition is

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Mrs. Will Young, of 6 Columbia Ave., Rockland, Me., says:

"I was troubled for a long time with dreadful backaches and a pain in my side, and was miserable in every way. I doctored until I was discouraged and thought I would never get well. I read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for others and decided to try it; after taking three bottles I can truly say that I never felt so well in my life."

Mrs. Augustus Lyon, of East Earl, Pa., writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I had very severe backaches, and pressing-down pains. I could not sleep, and had no appetite. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me and made me feel like a new woman."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

Mother Gray, Nurse in Children's Home, New York City.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN,

A Certain Cure for Feverishness, Constipation, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. They Break up Colds in 24 hours. At all Druggists, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A. S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials & 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

Beautiful Reversible Rugs made from your old carpets. Send for circular American Rug Mfg., 294 Vermont St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ANIMALS—Seventeen hundred of them to play with and instruct your children. All for 25c. HERMAN SCHWARTZ, Drexel Bldg., Phila.

WIDOWS PENSIONS under NEW LAW obtained by JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.

SKREEMER SHOE

FOR MEN

The foundation of shoe comfort must be at the bottom, and if the bottom of the shoe is different from the bottom of your foot it does not fit. SKREEMER shoes are built from the ground up to FIT. Look for the label. If you don't easily find these shoes, write us for directions how to secure them.

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Write for booklet "*All Along the Shore*." Enclose two cents in stamps.

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C. M. BURT, G. P. A.
Boston, Mass.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For the Week Beginning June 21, 1908.

By REV. S. H. DOYLE.

Topic.—How to get and keep a situation.—Gen. xxxix, 1-6; xli, 33-44.

This topic naturally follows the one considered a week ago—namely, "How to choose a life work." Having made this choice, we must then find the opportunity to carry it into effect. If we choose certain careers, such as a profesional one, for instance, the pathway is plain before us. We must graduate from college and the professional school and begin our professional work. But if we elect to follow a trade or to engage in business the question arises, How shall we get a situation? Or if no particular choice has been made, but that is left to the best opportunity in any life work that will offer itself to us, the same question arises.

No definite rules can be laid down for securing a situation. Many men in all walks of life could hardly tell how they came to be where they are. In the final analysis there is but one answer—God directed their lives for them. This was true in Joseph's case, and let us hope it has been true or will be true in our lives regardless of the human means used by Providence. Speaking practically, situations are secured through personal applications for vacant positions, advertising in the newspapers or answering advertisements in the papers and through the influence and recommendations of relatives or friends, or it may be that we ourselves may attract attention and have a position offered to us. This, however, is rarely the case. A place worth having is worth seeking for.

We should not wait for something to turn up, but turn something up. But these are really only the incidentals. Before we can secure a desirable situation we must show in some way that we are worthy of it, especially in character and in ability. Character is essential above all things. Ability can only be judged before it has been tested, but a good moral character is an immediate necessity. No one knows this better than pastors, who not only frequently recommend young people for situations, but are even more frequently asked for references after applications have been made. These reference blanks often ask for an opinion as to ability, but they want specific and definite answers as to honesty, sobriety and trustworthiness. The writer of this article in his early ministry kept a record of the first question asked by business men to whom he applied personally for positions for other men. The number of applications recorded was eighty, and in seventy-nine cases out of the eighty the first question asked was, "Does he drink?" No respectable business firm wants a drinking man in its employment. Nor will it engage boys with bad habits. But a boy or young man who possesses good health, a fair amount of intelligence, is honest, upright and willing to work need not want for a situation. The world will give him a trial, and success or failure then depends upon him.

Keeping a situation after it has been secured depends upon ourselves. Many try to put the blame upon others for lost positions, but they seldom succeed. (1) We must show ourselves worthy of the position intrusted to us. If we cannot perform the duties required, we will soon have successors. (2) Business must mean business. Punctuality and regularity must characterize our business lives. Every duty required should be promptly and willingly performed. (3) There should be no fear of doing a little extra work. A young man lost a good position with a reliable firm because when, having nothing for the moment to do, he disdained to clean a window. Nor should we be frightened at a little work overtime. The employee who cannot get to the street too quickly after the bell rings will probably soon have all his time to himself. (4) Be cheerful and respectful at all times, no matter how hard the task set before you. (5) Take Christ with you to your place of business. Make him your life partner in business, whether you are an errand boy or a bank cashier. Do thoroughly and well your duties in the humbler positions, and advancement and success will be your reward.

BIBLE READINGS.

Eccl. ix, 10; Matt. xx, 1-16; xxv, 14-29; Acts v, 1-11; Eph. v, 15-18; vi, 5-8; Phil. iv, 8, 9; Col. iii, 17; I Cor. iv, 1, 2; II Tim. ii, 15.

Filling Up the Ruts.

If it is a prayer meeting rut, fill it up with new voices.

If it is a committee rut, fill it up with new methods.

If it is a devotional rut, fill it up with new spirituality.

If it is a financial rut, fill it up with new consecration.

If it is a social rut, fill it up with novel sorts of socials.

If it is any manner of rut, fill it up with ingenuity, persistence and pluck.—Amos R. Wells in Irish Endeavorer.

Working For Things That Are Vital.

I wish you godspeed in your work, because the Christian Endeavorers are working for the things that are vital to the soul.—President Roosevelt.

Drink and Employment.

More and more the idea is becoming effective that the man who drinks cannot be trusted in a responsible position. It is spreading among individual employers and among firms and corporations, and more and more the test of sobriety, or rather of total abstinence, is applied.

In the case of workers on steel structures the test is sometimes even more severe, for they are not only forbidden to use alcoholic drink, but in order to keep their nerves steady, are required to refrain at noontime from heavy eating. A large coal company in Pittsburg recently announced that miners who drink will be discharged, because disasters in mines have been caused by carelessness or incompetence, which in turn has been caused by drink.

Never was there such a high sense as to-day of the personal responsibility of the individual man, and never such practical, scientific knowledge of the dependence of trustworthiness on a sane body and mind. Business, which is said to be sordid, is becoming the chief advocate of temperance. Many higher things are at issue in the liquor problem than day's wages and capacity for labor, but the idealist see that the strongest argument in a world of workers is the simple one: "You cannot afford it."

Shirley Township Farm Sold.

The Mt. Union Times says that David Gumbert, of near Aughwick Mills, sold his farm a few days ago to a pipe line company for $6,000 cash. Mr. Gumbert purchased the farm less than two years ago from John B. Clock for $3,000, Mr. Clock having decided to sell, and with his family moved to Iowa. The pipe line is being laid from the West Virginia oil fields to Philadelphia, striking Huntingdon county near Saxton, passing close by Cassville, thence across Sideling Hill mountain, several ridges and valleys, through the Gumbert farm in Aughwick Valley, across Germany Valley through the gap in Blacklog mountain partly through lands owned by William Barkley, formerly James Barkley, into Juniata county and on to the sea board. The company will erect a pumping station on the Gumbert farm, and is is reported will erect a few dwelling houses thereon for convenience of their employes.

With an enormous strawberry crop already gathered and the good prospects of an abundance of nearly all other kinds of fruits, the Pittsburg Dispatch says: "All of this is important news and good. The first consideration is that consumers will have an abundance of fruit at low prices and there will be replenishment of the stores of canned goods. The second factor is a large return to the producers. Ordinarily more attention is given the cereal, hay and cotton crops than to fruit, as factors in the national income. True, they are staple and necessary. But the fruit crop is not to be despised. With many growers fruit is only a side issue, but with them its proceeds stand for that much net profit. Returns from fruit on the farm is money to spend. Other crops may provide necessities; fruit sales provide for comforts and luxuries. For this reason as much as for any other, good fruit crops spell general prosperity. There is promise of good staple crops this year, all around. The hay crop is already assured and is very heavy. Barring accidents the others will do as well. And on top of these is a great fruit crop. It is well."

A Complete Newspaper

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SUBSCRIBE TO-DAY and get the best. See your news dealer or addres

Circulation Department
THE GAZETTE TIMES
Pittsburgh, Pa.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

Bedford Springs hotel will open June 20th.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little liver pills, are sold by G. W. Wright.

Charles Domer Huntsbarger committed suicide at Lewistown Monday at noon by shooting himself through the head with a bullet from a 38-calibre revolver. He was 27 years of age and was married in 1900, his wife dying the same year, and he had since that time been more or less despondent. So far as known he had never made anythreats or spoke of taking his own life. He made his home with his mother and step-father, Mr. and Mrs. John Martin, for several years.

Newton Hamilton camp meeting grounds are being put in shape for the summer. The patrons will find that a number of important improvements have been made. A number of new cottages are being erected, which, when completed, will bring the number of available summer up to about 200. In addition to the new buildings all the structures which have been already erected are being gone over and will be in first class shape by the time the grounds are thrown open to the public in July.

Several boys of Lock Haven while spending the day in the woods near Ferney on Thursday came upon a rattle nake coiled beside a log. They were instantly imbued with a desire to capture it alive and become snake charmers. With a forked stick they proceeded cautiously and just as Donald Yealey went to catch it so a string could be placed about its neck the reptile sank its poisonous fangs into the left thumb. His condition is quite critical, his hand and arm being greatly swollen and the flesh is much discolored.

Altoona is going to have a Fourth of July celebration and efforts will be made to make it one of real interest and enjoyment. The dedication of the cannon presented to the city by the United State government on the big holiday led to patriotic citizens getting together and booming things for a regular old time celebration marked with a parade. A meeting was held Tuesday evening of last week which committees were present from the Grand Army posts, and James Noble post, Veterans of Foreign Service and several patriotic organizations. Plans for the dedications of cannon were discussed and it was decided to hold a parade. Lewistown is also making preparations for a great demonstration on Independence Day.

The Walnut Grove campmeeeting will be held this year beginning Friday, August 7, and closing Sunday, August 16. This camp ground is located in Springfield township, near Maddensville. Its location is an excellent one, in a deeply shaded grove, close to the Aughwick creek. A number of able ministers will be present. Miss L. A. Forney, of Harrisburg, will be present to conduct the missionery service on Thursday, Aug. 13, and also to take charge of the children's service. Mr. Clay Cornelius will run a hack to both the morning and evening trains at Three Springs. Mr. John Cromwell will conduct the bording tent. Both Mr. Cornelius and Mr. Cromwell served the camp in this way last year to the satisfaction of all. Persons desiring tents or lodging should address Rev. L. S. Solenberger, Selea, Huntingdon county, Pa., or Rev. F. W. McGuire, Saxton, Pa.

Birthday Party.

A very pleasant birthday surprise party was given Mrs. B. B. Shore, at her home on East Main Street, Saturday evening, June 13th., by her Sabbath School class. Refreshments were served during the early hours of the evening after which the young ladies spent the remainder of the evening in games and social amusements. Mrs. Shore was the recipient of many beautiful and highly appreciated presents. The following were present: Mrs. Loy Rex and Misses Nannie and Etta Henderson, Etta Robley, Elsie Knepp, Gertie Skipper, Minnie Duffy, Lena Hughes, Melva Dell, Bertha Winnick and Hazel Chilcote.

Stomach troubles are very common in the summer time and you should not only be very careful about what you eat just now, but more than this, you should be careful not to allow your stomach to become disordered, and when the stomach goes wrong take Kodol. This is the best known preparation that is offered to the people to-day for dyspepsia or indigestion or any stomach trouble. Kodol digests all foods. It is pleasant to take. It is sold here by G. W. Wright.

Dangerous Doctrine.

Deacon Longface—That new preacher is an out-an'-out modernist. If he ain't tried for heresy I am no porphet!

His Wife—Sakes alive! What's he said or done, Hennery?

Deacon Longface—Why, he says he can't see no harm in goin' to church on Sunday in an' auttymobile!—Puck.

Pennsylvania Railroad

SIXTEEN-DAY EXCURSIONS

$6.85 or $8.85 to Atlantic City, Cape May
Anglesea, Wildwood, Holly Beach, Ocean City Sea Isle City, Avalon, N. J., Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md.

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West End, Elberon, Deal Beach, Allenhurst, North Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Bradley Beach, Avon, Belmar, Como, Spring Lake, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Brielle, Point Pleasant, and Bay Head, N. J.

Tickets at the lower rate good only in Coaches. Tickets at the higher rate good in Parlor or Sleeping Cars in connection with proper Pullman tickets.

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Stops will be made for meals or dining car service will be provided. For stop-over privileges and full information consult nearest Ticket Agent.

Similar Excursions July 23, August 6, 20, and September 3

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager
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If you want anything in the line of supplies enumerated below give us a trial. We carry in stock

Injectors and Ejectors, Lubricators, Oil Cups,
Water and Steam Gauges, all kinds of Brass and Iron Valves,
Brass, Cast, Wrought and Malleable Iron Fittings,
Black and Galvanized Iron Pipe, Nuts and Bolts, Iron Rods for building purposes,
Set Screws, Cap Screws, Vises, Screw Jacks, Babbitt Metal,
Files, Flue Cleaners, Wrenches, Hangers, Stocks and Dies, Taps and Reamers, Leather,
Rubber, Canvas and Cotton Belting, Rubber Hose for Water and Steam, Sheet and Spiral Packing, Wood and Iron Pulleys, Shafting in size and lengths, Pumps and Hydrants, Plumbers' Supplies, Plow Castings, Stove Grates, etc.

We make all kinds of Castings, do all kinds of Machine Shop and Boiler Work. Call on or write us. We have both 'phones. We are the largest Machinery Supply House in Central Pennsylvania.

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$17 & $18 SUITS
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LADIES' SKIRTS for hot summer days
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Star Soap, 7 cakes 25c; Union Soap, 10 cakes 25c
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